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STRUCTURE FILE UPDATES: 10 JAN 2010 HIGHEST RN 1201787-64-5 DICTIONARY FILE UPDATES: 10 JAN 2010 HIGHEST RN 1201787-64-5

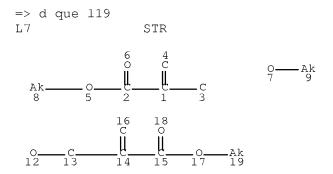
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http://www.cas.org/support/stngen/stndoc/properties.html



NODE ATTRIBUTES:

CONNECT IS E1 RC AT 8
CONNECT IS E1 RC AT 19
DEFAULT MLEVEL IS ATOM

DEFAULT ECLEVEL IS LIMITED

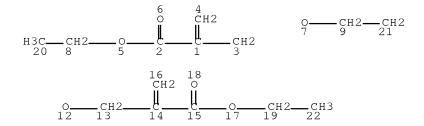
GRAPH ATTRIBUTES:

RING(S) ARE ISOLATED OR EMBEDDED NUMBER OF NODES IS 17

STEREO ATTRIBUTES: NONE

L9 531 SEA FILE=REGISTRY SSS FUL L7

L14 STR



NODE ATTRIBUTES:
DEFAULT MLEVEL IS ATOM
DEFAULT ECLEVEL IS LIMITED

GRAPH ATTRIBUTES:

RING(S) ARE ISOLATED OR EMBEDDED NUMBER OF NODES IS 20

STEREO ATTRIBUTES: NONE

L16 11 SEA FILE=REGISTRY SUB=L9 SSS FUL L14

L17 8 SEA FILE=REGISTRY SPE=ON ABB=ON PLU=ON L16 NOT 1-100/NR

L18 6 SEA FILE=REGISTRY SPE=ON ABB=ON PLU=ON L17 NOT (S OR N

OR P)/ELS

L19 7 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS SPE=ON ABB=ON PLU=ON L18

=> fil hcap

FILE 'HCAPLUS' ENTERED AT 08:41:34 ON 11 JAN 2010 USE IS SUBJECT TO THE TERMS OF YOUR STN CUSTOMER AGREEMENT. PLEASE SEE "HELP USAGETERMS" FOR DETAILS. COPYRIGHT (C) 2010 AMERICAN CHEMICAL SOCIETY (ACS)

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FILE COVERS 1907 - 11 Jan 2010 VOL 152 ISS 3

FILE LAST UPDATED: 10 Jan 2010 (20100110/ED)

REVISED CLASS FIELDS (/NCL) LAST RELOADED: Oct 2009

USPTO MANUAL OF CLASSIFICATIONS THESAURUS ISSUE DATE: Oct 2009

HCAplus now includes complete International Patent Classification (IPC) reclassification data for the third quarter of 2009.

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This file contains CAS Registry Numbers for easy and accurate

substance identification.

=> d 119 1-7 ibib ed abs hitstr hitind

L19 ANSWER 1 OF 7 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2010 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 2008:1012782 HCAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 149:269595

TITLE: Electron beam-curable composition and producing

cured coating, ink or adhesive

INVENTOR(S):
Kunita, Kazuto

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Fujifilm Corporation, Japan SOURCE: U.S. Pat. Appl. Publ., 32pp.

CODEN: USXXCO

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.		DATE		
				_			
US 20080200581	A1	20080821	US 2008-27648		20080207		
JP 2008201889	A	20080904	JP 2007-39379		20070220		
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			JP 2007-39379	Α	20070220		

ASSIGNMENT HISTORY FOR US PATENT AVAILABLE IN LSUS DISPLAY FORMAT

ED Entered STN: 22 Aug 2008

AB Producing an electron beam-cured coating includes forming on a substrate a layer of a curable composition that includes ≥1 compound CH2:C(Q1)CARbRaX1 (I) and a step of curing the layer of the curable composition by irradiating with an electron beam. In I, Q1 = cyano group or -COX2 group, X1 = H, organic residue, or polymer chain bonded to C atom CA via a heteroatom, or halogen, X2 = H, organic residue, or polymer chain bonded to the carbonyl group via a heteroatom, or halogen, Ra and Rb = H, halogen, cyano group, or an organic residue, and X1 and X2, Ra and Rb, and X1 and Ra or Rb may be bonded to each other to form a cyclic structure. An example curable composition contained F 177 surfactant 0.03, cyclohexanone 20, and CH2:C(COX2)CH2X1 (X2 = OEt; X1 = OCH2CH2OCOMe) 10 parts.

IT 1047993-80-5P

(electron beam-curable composition with good adhesion to PET substrate)

RN 1047993-80-5 HCAPLUS

CN 4,7,10,13-Tetraoxahexadecanedioic acid, 2,15-bis(methylene)-, 1,16-diethyl ester, homopolymer (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 896113-18-1 CMF C18 H30 O8

___OEt

INCL 522104000

CC 42-7 (Coatings, Inks, and Related Products)

Section cross-reference(s): 37

IT 333306-31-3P 333306-34-6P 1047993-72-5P 1047993-74-7P

1047993-75-8P 1047993-78-1P **1047993-80-5**P

1047993-83-8P 1047993-86-1P 1047993-89-4P 1047993-91-8P 1047993-94-1P 1047993-96-3P 1047993-99-6P 1047994-01-3P

1047994-03-5P

(electron beam-curable composition with good adhesion to PET substrate)

L19 ANSWER 2 OF 7 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2010 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 2006:673215 HCAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 145:113448

TITLE: Radiation-curable ink-jet inks containing

ethylenically polymerizable crosslinking agents with excellent storage stability and sensitivity,

lithographic plates using them, and their

manufacture

INVENTOR(S): Sugai, Shoji; Kunita, Kazuto
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Fuji Photo Film Co., Ltd., Japan
SOURCE: Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 44 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
JP 2006182990	A	20060713	JP 2004-380665	20041228
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			JP 2004-380665	20041228

ED Entered STN: 13 Jul 2006

AB The inks contain polymerizable compds., colorants, and ≥1 crosslinking agents selected from those bearing 2 ethylenically polymerizable groups and those bearing ≥3 ethylenically polymerizable groups, thus giving wear-resistant hydrophobic images on hydrophilic supports without a development process.

IT 896113-18-1

(storage-stable radiation-curable ink-jet inks containing heteromethacrylic crosslinking agents for lithog. plates with good wear resistant)

RN 896113-18-1 HCAPLUS

CN 4,7,10,13-Tetraoxahexadecanedioic acid, 2,15-bis(methylene)-, 1,16-diethyl ester (CA INDEX NAME)

PAGE 1-B

___OEt

CC 74-6 (Radiation Chemistry, Photochemistry, and Photographic and Other Reprographic Processes)

Section cross-reference(s): 38, 42

IT 3524-68-3D, Pentaerythritol triacrylate, reaction products with polyurethane 4813-57-4, Stearyl acrylate 5888-33-5, Isobornyl acrylate 23350-07-4D, derivs. 25035-42-1D, reaction products with pentaerythritol triacrylate 25038-59-9D, Ethylene glycol-terephthalic acid copolymer, terminated 25748-74-7D, reaction products with pentaerythritol triacrylate 51248-94-3 872552-19-7 896113-17-0D, derivs. 896113-18-1 896113-19-2

(storage-stable radiation-curable ink-jet inks containing heteromethacrylic crosslinking agents for lithog. plates with good wear resistant)

OS.CITING REF COUNT: 1 THERE ARE 1 CAPLUS RECORDS THAT CITE THIS RECORD (1 CITINGS)

L19 ANSWER 3 OF 7 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2010 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 2005:120909 HCAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 142:198979

TITLE: New polyether based monomers, crosslinkers, and

highly crosslinked amphiphile polyether resins

INVENTOR(S):
Cote, Simon

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Matrix Innovation Inc., Can.

SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 75 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND DATE	APPLICATION NO.	
WO 2005012277	A1 20050210	WO 2004-CA1461	
		BA, BB, BG, BR, BW, BY	
CH, CN, CO	, CR, CU, CZ, DE,	DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, EC	G, ES, FI,
GB, GD, GE	, GH, GM, HR, HU,	ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE	E, KG, KP,
KR, KZ, LC	, LK, LR, LS, LT,	LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, ME	K, MN, MW,
MX, MZ, NA	, NI, NO, NZ, OM,	PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU	J, SC, SD,
SE, SG, SK	, SL, SY, TJ, TM,	TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG	G, US, UZ,
VC, VN, YU	, ZA, ZM, ZW		
RW: BW, GH, GM	, KE, LS, MW, MZ,	NA, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UC	G, ZM, ZW,
AM, AZ, BY	, KG, KZ, MD, RU,	TJ, TM, AT, BE, BG, CH	H, CY, CZ,
DE, DK, EE	, ES, FI, FR, GB,	GR, HU, IE, IT, LU, MC	C, NL, PL,
PT, RO, SE	, SI, SK, TR, BF,	BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA	A, GN, GQ,
GW, ML, MR	, NE, SN, TD, TG		
CA 2534616	A1 20050210	CA 2004-2534616	20040804
EP 1687343	A1 20060809	EP 2004-761625	20040804
R: AT, BE, CH	, DE, DK, ES, FR,	GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NI	L, SE, MC,
PT, IE, SI	, FI, RO, CY, TR,	BG, CZ, EE, HU, PL, SE	Κ
CN 1856483	A 20061101	CN 2004-80027888	20040804
JP 2007501296	T 20070125	JP 2006-522190	20040804

US 20060241245 A1 20061026 US 2006-567430 20060425 PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: US 2003-491969P P 20030804

WO 2004-CA1461 W 20040804

ASSIGNMENT HISTORY FOR US PATENT AVAILABLE IN LSUS DISPLAY FORMAT

ED Entered STN: 11 Feb 2005

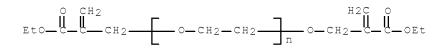
The crosslinked polyether is obtained by polymerization of ≥ 1 monomer selected from the group consisting of (a) (α -X-methyl) vinyl-electron withdrawing group (EWG), (α -X-methyl) vinyl-electron releasing group (ERG), or (α -X-methyl) vinyl-aryl, where X = 0, S, polyethylene glycol (PEG), polypropylene glycol (PPG) or poly(THF), (b) a monomer polymerizable with a PEG, PPG or poly(THF) crosslinker having ≥ 1 (α -X-methyl) vinyl-EWG, (α -X-methyl) vinyl-ERG or (α -X-methyl) vinyl-aryl, where X = 0, S, PEG, PPG, or poly(THF), (c) a PEG, PPG, or poly(THF) crosslinker having at least an acrylamide or a methacrylamide end group, and (d) mixts.

IT 333305-83-2P

(preparation and radical crosslinking, end group reduction or hydrolysis, bromination)

RN 333305-83-2 HCAPLUS

CN Poly(oxy-1,2-ethanediyl), α -(3-ethoxy-2-methylene-3-oxopropyl)- ω -(3-ethoxy-2-methylene-3-oxopropoxy)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



IC ICM C07D305-14

ICS C08G065-02; C08F261-06; C08F283-00; C08F002-18; C08J003-24; C08F016-12

CC 37-3 (Plastics Manufacture and Processing)

Section cross-reference(s): 34

IT 333305-83-2P

(preparation and radical crosslinking, end group reduction or hydrolysis, bromination)

OS.CITING REF COUNT: 12

12 THERE ARE 12 CAPLUS RECORDS THAT CITE THIS

RECORD (15 CITINGS)

REFERENCE COUNT:

8 THERE ARE 8 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE

RE FORMAT

L19 ANSWER 4 OF 7 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2010 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 2005:120699 HCAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 142:204753

TITLE: Pharmaceutical compositions of adsorbates of

amorphous drugs and lipophilic microphase-forming

materials

INVENTOR(S): Babcock, Walter Christian; Friesen, Dwayne Thomas;

Shanker, Ravi Mysore; Smithey, Daniel Tod

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Pfizer Products Inc., USA SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 72 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

P.	ATENT	NO.			KIN						ICAT				D	ATE
	0 2005 0 2005				A2		2005 2005	0210	;						2	0040723
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		,	VN,	,	,	,										
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C.	A 2532	931			A1		2005	0210	1	CA 2	004-	2532	931		2	0040723
E	P 1653	927			A2		2006	0510		EP 2	004-	7441	49		2	0040723
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В	R 2004	0132	77		Α		2006	1010		BR 2	004-	1327	7		2	0040723
J:	P 2007	5012	18		Τ		2007	0125	1	JP 2	006-	5224	29		2	0040723
	S 2005						2005	0210		US 2	004-	9104	48		2	0040803
	X 2006						2006	0515		MX 2	006-	1417			2	0060203
PRIORI								0020								0030804
									,	WO 2	004-	IB24	98	,	W 2	0040723

ASSIGNMENT HISTORY FOR US PATENT AVAILABLE IN LSUS DISPLAY FORMAT

ED Entered STN: 11 Feb 2005

AB A pharmaceutical composition comprises a solid adsorbate comprising a drug adsorbed onto a substrate and a lipophilic microphase-forming material. The solid adsorbate may also be co-administered with a lipophilic microphase-forming material to an in vivo use environment. The compns. of the present invention enhance the concentration of drug in a use environment. A drug/substrate adsorbate containing 50% [2R, 4S] 4-[(3,5-bis-trifluoromethyl-benzyl)-methoxycarbonyl-amino]-2-ethyl-6- trifluoromethyl-3,4-dihydro-2H-quinoline-1-carboxylic acid Et ester and 50% CAB-O-SIL M-5P was prepared The maximum concentration of drug in solution during the first 90 min MDC90 and AUC90 was 17.0 μg/mL and 840 min*μg/mL.

IT 333305-83-2

(pharmaceutical compns. of adsorbates of amorphous drugs and lipophilic microphase-forming materials)

RN 333305-83-2 HCAPLUS

CN Poly(oxy-1,2-ethanediyl), α -(3-ethoxy-2-methylene-3-oxopropyl)- ω -(3-ethoxy-2-methylene-3-oxopropoxy)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

$$\texttt{EtO} = (\begin{array}{c} \texttt{C} \\ \texttt{H2} \\ \texttt{C} \\ \texttt{C}$$

IC ICM A61K009-16

CC 63-6 (Pharmaceuticals)

56-81-5D, Glycerol, fatty acid esters 57-55-6D, Propylene glycol, ΙT glycerides 7384-98-7, Propylene glycol dicaprylate 9002-89-5 9002-96-4, α -Tocopheryl polyethylene glycol succinate 9003-39-8, Polyvinylpyrrolidone 9004-38-0, Cellulose acetate phthalate 9004-65-3, Hydroxypropyl methyl cellulose 9005-64-5 9005-65-6 9050-31-1, Hydroxypropyl methyl cellulose phthalate 12441-09-7D, Sorbitan, polyglyceryl esters 27194-74-7, Propylene glycolmonolaurate 37205-99-5, Carboxymethylethyl cellulose 52907-01-4, Cellulose acetate trimellitate 57107-95-6 70535-77-2, Hydroxypropyl methyl cellulose acetate succinate 119574-41-3 333305-83-2

(pharmaceutical compns. of adsorbates of amorphous drugs and lipophilic microphase-forming materials)

THERE ARE 3 CAPLUS RECORDS THAT CITE THIS OS.CITING REF COUNT: 3

RECORD (3 CITINGS)

REFERENCE COUNT: 7 THERE ARE 7 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR

THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE

RE FORMAT

L19 ANSWER 5 OF 7 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2010 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 2004:732258 HCAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 141:243056

Polymerizable phosphoric acid ester derivatives TITLE:

for dental compositions

INVENTOR(S): Klee, Joachim E.; Lehmann, Uwe; Walz, Uwe; Liu,

Huaibing

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Dentsply Detrey GmbH, Germany

SOURCE: Eur. Pat. Appl., 20 pp.

CODEN: EPXXDW

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PA.	TENT	NO.			KIN	D	DATE			APPL	ICAT	ION	NO.		D	ATE
EP	1454	 911			A1	_	2004	0908		EP 2	003-	 5174			2	0030307
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		PT,	ΙE,	SI,	LT,	LV,	FΙ,	RO,	MK,	CY,	AL,	TR,	ВG,	CZ,	EE,	HU, SK
CA	2518	202			A1		2004	0916		CA 2	004-	2518	202		2	0040305
WO	2004	0781	00		A2		2004	0916		WO 2	004-	EP22	89		2	0040305
WO	2004	0781	00		АЗ		2004	1028								
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							PT,									
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		PL,		•	•	·	·	•	·	·	·	·	•	Ť	Í	,
JP	2006	5203	44		Τ		2006	0907		JP 2	006-	5045	63		2	0040305
US	2006	0246	017		A1		2006	1102		US 2	006-	5483	62		2	0060626
PRIORIT																0030307
										WO 2	004-	EP22	89		W 2	0040305

ED Entered STN: 09 Sep 2004

AB The present invention provides a polymerizable phosphoric acid ester derivative for use in dental compns. E.g., 2,2,2-tris(2,6-dioxa-4-methylene-5-oxo-octyl)ethanol phosphoric acid ester was prepared from pentaerythritol, Et chloromethyacrylate, and then treatment with the product with POC13 and hydrolyzed.

IT 752234-95-0P

(polymerizable phosphoric acid ester derivs. for dental compns.)

RN 752234-95-0 HCAPLUS

CN 2-Propenoic acid, 2,2'-[[2-[[[2-(ethoxycarbonyl)-2-propenyl]oxy]methyl]-2-(hydroxymethyl)-1,3-propanediyl]bis(oxymethylene)]bis-, diethyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

IC ICM C07F009-09

ICS A61K006-08; C08F030-02

CC 23-17 (Aliphatic Compounds)

Section cross-reference(s): 63

IT 39573-27-8P 752234-95-0P 752234-97-2P 752234-99-4P

(polymerizable phosphoric acid ester derivs. for dental compns.)

OS.CITING REF COUNT: 2 THERE ARE 2 CAPLUS RECORDS THAT CITE THIS

RECORD (2 CITINGS)

REFERENCE COUNT: 4 THERE ARE 4 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR

THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE

RE FORMAT

L19 ANSWER 6 OF 7 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2010 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 2004:138005 HCAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 140:375551

TITLE: Synthesis and photopolymerizations of new

hydroxyl-containing dimethacrylate crosslinkers

AUTHOR(S): Avci, Duygu; Mathias, Lon J.

CORPORATE SOURCE: Department of Chemistry, Bogazici University,

Istanbul, 34342, Turk.

SOURCE: Polymer (2004), 45(6), 1763-1769

CODEN: POLMAG; ISSN: 0032-3861

PUBLISHER: Elsevier Science Ltd.

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal LANGUAGE: English ED Entered STN: 20 Feb 2004

AB Two new hydroxyl-containing di(meth)acrylate monomers were synthesized from the reaction of Me α -chloromethylacrylate (MCMA) and of Et α -chloromethylacrylate (ECMA) with glycerol. The monomers were obtained as mixts. of two isomers in different ratios and in combination with the analogous trimethacrylate monomers. Each monomer was isolated by column chromatog. The photopolymn. of these isomer mixts. and the trimethacrylate monomers was investigated individually by photodifferential scanning calorimetry (photoDSC) at room temperature using 2,2'-dimethoxy-2-

phenylacetophenone (DMPA) as a photoinitiator. The effect of hydrogen bonding on the rates of polymns. and conversions was examined The results obtained for the synthesized monomers were compared to the values obtained for com. monomers. The hydroxyl-containing dimethacrylates polymerize much faster and to considerably higher conversion than the trimethacrylate monomers. The maximum rates of polymerization of the hydroxyl-containing monomers were higher than that of hexanediol dimethacrylate (HDDMA), comparable to glycerol dimethacrylate and lower than hexanediol diacrylate (HDDA) and 3-(acryloyloxy)-2-hydroxypropyl methacrylate (AHM).

IT 684213-81-8

(in synthesis and photopolymn. of hydroxyl-containing dimethacrylate crosslinkers)

- RN 684213-81-8 HCAPLUS
- CN 2-Propenoic acid, 2,2',2''-[(1,2,3-

propanetriy1)tris(oxymethylene)]tris-, triethyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

IT 684213-88-5P

- RN 684213-88-5 HCAPLUS
- CN 2-Propenoic acid, 2,2',2''-[1,2,3-propanetriyltris(oxymethylene)]tris-, triethyl ester, homopolymer (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 684213-81-8 CMF C21 H32 O9

- CC 35-3 (Chemistry of Synthetic High Polymers)
- IT **684213-81-8** 684213-82-9

(in synthesis and photopolymn. of hydroxyl-containing dimethacrylate crosslinkers)

IT 27813-91-8P, Hexanediol dimethacrylate polymer 684213-84-1P 684213-86-3P 684213-87-4P 684213-88-5P

(synthesis and photopolymn. of hydroxyl-containing dimethacrylate crosslinkers)

OS.CITING REF COUNT: 7 THERE ARE 7 CAPLUS RECORDS THAT CITE THIS RECORD (7 CITINGS)

REFERENCE COUNT: 27 THERE ARE 27 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE

RE FORMAT

L19 ANSWER 7 OF 7 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2010 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 2001:242854 HCAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 134:287884

TITLE: Photopolymerizable resin composition with

 α -oxymethylcrylic monomer for directly

imaging lithographic plate

INVENTOR(S):
Kunida, Kazuhito

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Fuji Photo Film Co., Ltd., Japan SOURCE: Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 97 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PAT	TENT	NO.			KINI)	DATE		A	PΡ	LICAT	ION	NO.			DAT:	Ε
						_			_								
JP	2001	0921	27		A		2001	0406	J	Ρ	1999-	2688	42			199	90922
JP	4037	015			В2		2008	0123									
EP	1091	247			A2		2001	0411	E	Ρ	2000-	1194	99			200	00918
EP	1091	247			АЗ		2001	0425									
EP	1091	247			В1		2004	0825									
	R:	ΑT,	BE,	CH,	DE,	DK,	ES,	FR,	GB,	GR	, IT,	LI,	LU,	NL,	SE	, M	Ξ,
		PT,	ΙE,	SI,	LT,	LV,	FΙ,	RO									
US	6476	092			В1		2002	1105	U	S	2000-	6656	85			200	00920
PRIORITY	Y APP	LN.	INFO	. :					J.	Ρ	1999-	2688	42		A	199	90922

ASSIGNMENT HISTORY FOR US PATENT AVAILABLE IN LSUS DISPLAY FORMAT OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 134:287884

ED Entered STN: 06 Apr 2001

AB The title photopolymerizable resin composition contains a photopolymn. initiator and photopolymerizable compound CH2=C(C(Ra)(Rb)(X1))(COOX2) (X1-2 = hetero atom, halo; Ra-b = H, halo, cyano, etc.). The resin composition, which contains α -oxymethylcrylic monomer, provides both the excellent sensitivity and the storage ability.

IT 333305-83-2P

(photopolymerizable resin composition for directly imaging lithog. plate)

RN 333305-83-2 HCAPLUS

CN Poly(oxy-1,2-ethanediyl), α -(3-ethoxy-2-methylene-3-oxopropyl)- ω -(3-ethoxy-2-methylene-3-oxopropoxy)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

$$\texttt{EtO} = (\begin{array}{c} \text{C} & \text{CH2} \\ \text{C} & \text{C} & \text{CH2} \\ \end{array}) = (\begin{array}{c} \text{C} & \text{C} \\ \text{C} & \text{C} \\ \end{array}) = (\begin{array}{c} \text{C} & \text{C} \\ \text{C} & \text{C} \\ \end{array}) = (\begin{array}{c} \text{C} & \text{C} \\ \text{C} & \text{C} \\ \end{array}) = (\begin{array}{c} \text{C} & \text{C} \\ \text{C} & \text{C} \\ \end{array}) = (\begin{array}{c} \text{C} & \text{C} \\ \text{C} & \text{C} \\ \end{array}) = (\begin{array}{c} \text{C} & \text{C} \\ \text{C} & \text{C} \\ \end{array}) = (\begin{array}{c} \text{C} & \text{C} \\ \text{C} & \text{C} \\ \end{array}) = (\begin{array}{c} \text{C} & \text{C} \\ \text{C} & \text{C} \\ \end{array}) = (\begin{array}{c} \text{C} & \text{C} \\ \text{C} & \text{C} \\ \end{array}) = (\begin{array}{c} \text{C} & \text{C} \\ \text{C} & \text{C} \\ \end{array}) = (\begin{array}{c} \text{C} & \text{C} \\ \text{C} & \text{C} \\ \end{array}) = (\begin{array}{c} \text{C} & \text{C} \\ \text{C} & \text{C} \\ \end{array}) = (\begin{array}{c} \text{C} & \text{C} \\ \text{C} & \text{C} \\ \end{array}) = (\begin{array}{c} \text{C} & \text{C} \\ \text{C} & \text{C} \\ \end{array}) = (\begin{array}{c} \text{C} & \text{C} \\ \text{C} & \text{C} \\ \end{array}) = (\begin{array}{c} \text{C} & \text{C} \\ \text{C} & \text{C} \\ \end{array}) = (\begin{array}{c} \text{C} & \text{C} \\ \text{C} & \text{C} \\ \end{array}) = (\begin{array}{c} \text{C} & \text{C} \\ \text{C} & \text{C} \\ \end{array}) = (\begin{array}{c} \text{C} & \text{C} \\ \text{C} & \text{C} \\ \end{array}) = (\begin{array}{c} \text{C} & \text{C} \\ \text{C} & \text{C} \\ \end{array}) = (\begin{array}{c} \text{C} & \text{C} \\ \text{C} & \text{C} \\ \end{array}) = (\begin{array}{c} \text{C} & \text{C} \\ \text{C} & \text{C} \\ \end{array}) = (\begin{array}{c} \text{C} & \text{C} \\ \text{C} & \text{C} \\ \end{array}) = (\begin{array}{c} \text{C} & \text{C} \\ \text{C} & \text{C} \\ \end{array}) = (\begin{array}{c} \text{C} & \text{C} \\ \text{C} & \text{C} \\ \end{array}) = (\begin{array}{c} \text{C} & \text{C} \\ \text{C} & \text{C} \\ \end{array}) = (\begin{array}{c} \text{C} & \text{C} \\ \text{C} & \text{C} \\ \end{array}) = (\begin{array}{c} \text{C} & \text{C} \\ \text{C} & \text{C} \\ \end{array}) = (\begin{array}{c} \text{C} & \text{C} \\ \text{C} & \text{C} \\ \end{array}) = (\begin{array}{c} \text{C} & \text{C} \\ \text{C} & \text{C} \\ \end{array}) = (\begin{array}{c} \text{C} & \text{C} \\ \text{C} & \text{C} \\ \end{array}) = (\begin{array}{c} \text{C} & \text{C} \\ \text{C} & \text{C} \\ \end{array}) = (\begin{array}{c} \text{C} & \text{C} \\ \text{C} & \text{C} \\ \end{array}) = (\begin{array}{c} \text{C} & \text{C} \\ \text{C} & \text{C} \\ \end{array}) = (\begin{array}{c} \text{C} & \text{C} \\ \text{C} & \text{C} \\ \end{array}) = (\begin{array}{c} \text{C} & \text{C} \\ \text{C} & \text{C} \\ \end{array}) = (\begin{array}{c} \text{C} & \text{C} \\ \text{C} & \text{C} \\ \end{array}) = (\begin{array}{c} \text{C} & \text{C} \\ \text{C} & \text{C} \\ \end{array}) = (\begin{array}{c} \text{C} & \text{C} \\ \text{C} & \text{C} \\ \end{array}) = (\begin{array}{c} \text{C} & \text{C} \\ \text{C} \\ \end{array}) = (\begin{array}{c} \text{C} & \text{C} \\ \end{array}) = (\begin{array}{c} \text{C} & \text{C} \\ \end{array}) = (\begin{array}{c} \text{C} & \text{C} \\ \end{array}) = (\begin{array}{c} \text{C} & \text{C} \\ \end{array}) = (\begin{array}{c} \text{C} & \text{C} \\ \end{array}) = (\begin{array}{c} \text{C} & \text{C} \\ \end{array}) = (\begin{array}{c} \text{C} & \text{C} \\ \end{array}) = (\begin{array}{c} \text{C} & \text{C} \\ \end{array}) = (\begin{array}{c} \text{C} & \text{C} \\ \end{array}) = (\begin{array}{c} \text{C} & \text{C} \\ \end{array}) = (\begin{array}{c} \text{C} & \text{C} \\ \end{array}) = (\begin{array}{c} \text{C} & \text{C} \\ \end{array}) = (\begin{array}{c} \text{C} & \text{C} \\ \end{array}) =$$

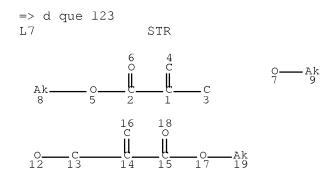
IC ICM G03F007-027

ICS C08F002-48; C08F016-24; G03F007-00; G03F007-028

CC 74-6 (Radiation Chemistry, Photochemistry, and Photographic and Other Reprographic Processes)

IT 9003-35-4DP, Phenol-formaldehyde copolymer, reaction products with Me

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                   333306-44-8P
                                 333331-74-1P,
    m-Cresol-p-cresol-formaldehyde copolymer ester with
    2-(bromomethyl)acrylic acid
        (photopolymerizable resin composition for directly imaging lithog.
       plate)
                             THERE ARE 13 CAPLUS RECORDS THAT CITE THIS
OS.CITING REF COUNT:
                       13
                              RECORD (13 CITINGS)
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NODE ATTRIBUTES:

CONNECT IS E1 RC AT 8
CONNECT IS E1 RC AT 19
DEFAULT MLEVEL IS ATOM
DEFAULT ECLEVEL IS LIMITED

GRAPH ATTRIBUTES:

RING(S) ARE ISOLATED OR EMBEDDED NUMBER OF NODES IS 17

STEREO ATTRIBUTES: NONE

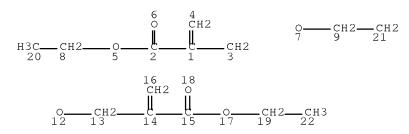
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L11 140 SEA FILE=REGISTRY SPE=ON ABB=ON PLU=ON L9 NOT 1-100/NR

L12 92 SEA FILE=REGISTRY SPE=ON ABB=ON PLU=ON L11 NOT (S OR N

OR P OR SI)/ELS

L14 STR



NODE ATTRIBUTES:

DEFAULT MLEVEL IS ATOM

DEFAULT ECLEVEL IS LIMITED

GRAPH ATTRIBUTES:

RING(S) ARE ISOLATED OR EMBEDDED

NUMBER OF NODES IS 20

STEREO ATTRIBUTES: NONE

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L17 8 SEA FILE=REGISTRY SPE=ON ABB=ON PLU=ON L16 NOT 1-100/NR

L18 6 SEA FILE=REGISTRY SPE=ON ABB=ON PLU=ON L17 NOT (S OR N

OR P)/ELS

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=> d 123 1-28 ibib ed abs hitstr hitind

L23 ANSWER 1 OF 28 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2010 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 2008:1383636 HCAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 149:555126

TITLE: The catalyzed a-hydroxyalkylation and

a-aminoalkylation of activated olefins (the

Morita-Baylis-Hillman reaction)

AUTHOR(S): Ciganek, Engelbert

CORPORATE SOURCE: Kennett Square, PA, USA

SOURCE: Organic Reactions (Hoboken, NJ, United States) (

1997), 51, No pp. given

CODEN: ORHNBA

URL:

http://www3.interscience.wiley.com/cgi-bin/mrwhome

/107610747/HOME

PUBLISHER: John Wiley & Sons, Inc.

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal; General Review; (online computer file)

LANGUAGE: English

OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 149:555126

ED Entered STN: 19 Nov 2008

AB A review of the article The catalyzed a-hydroxyalkylation and a-

aminoalkylation of activated olefins (the Morita-Baylis-Hillman reaction).

IT 127391-80-4P 127391-81-5P

(The Catalyzed alpha-Hydroxyalkylation and alpha-Aminoalkylation of

Activated Olefins (The Morita-Baylis-Hillman Reaction))

RN 127391-80-4 HCAPLUS

CN 2-Propenoic acid, 2,2'-methylenebis(oxymethylene)bis-, 1,1'-dibutyl ester (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 127391-81-5 HCAPLUS

CN 4,6,8,12-Tetraoxahexadecanoic acid, 2,10-bis(methylene)-11-oxo-, butyl ester (CA INDEX NAME)

CC 21-0 (General Organic Chemistry)
IT 75-07-0P, Acetaldehyde, preparation 738-70-5P 925-60-0P 1572-52-7P 2141-59-5P 2274-11-5P 3070-68-6P 5216-84-2P

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  Activated Olefins (The Morita-Baylis-Hillman Reaction))
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144261-65-4P 144261-66-5P 144261-67-6P 144261-68-7P
                           144261-71-2P
144261-69-8P 144261-70-1P
                                         144261-74-5P
                           144261-77-8P 144261-78-9P
144261-75-6P 144261-76-7P
144261-79-0P 144261-80-3P 144261-81-4P 144261-82-5P
144261-83-6P 144261-84-7P 144261-85-8P 144467-68-5P
146734-04-5P 147849-95-4P 147849-96-5P 147849-97-6P
147849-98-7P 147849-99-8P 147850-00-8P 147850-02-0P
                           148064-72-6P 148064-73-7P
147850-03-1P 148064-70-4P
                           149109-35-3P
148901-33-1P
            148901-34-2P
                                         151453-01-9P
                           152251-71-3P 152251-72-4P
151453-02-0P 152251-70-2P
152251-74-6P 152251-75-7P 152251-77-9P 152251-79-1P
152559-99-4P 152560-00-4P 152560-01-5P 152560-02-6P
152560-03-7P 152560-06-0P 152560-07-1P 153274-52-3P
153274-53-4P 153274-55-6P 153274-67-0P, 2-Indolizinecarbonitrile
                           153482-92-9P 154233-67-7P
157373-93-8P 158629-86-8P
153333-21-2P 153333-22-3P
154243-34-2P
             157373-92-7P
            159597-80-5P
                           159597-81-6P 159597-82-7P
159415-22-2P
159769-19-4P 159769-20-7P
                           159769-21-8P 161269-84-7P
161269-85-8P 161269-86-9P 161269-87-0P 161269-88-1P
161269-89-2P 161638-00-2P 161745-58-0P 161745-61-5P
162478-74-2P 162478-75-3P 162478-76-4P 162478-77-5P
                           162478-80-0P 162478-81-1P
162478-78-6P 162478-79-7P
                           163587-25-5P 163587-27-7P
162478-82-2P
            162478-83-3P
163587-29-9P 164738-74-3P
                          166327-72-6P 166327-76-0P
166410-96-4P 166410-97-5P 166410-98-6P 166410-99-7P
166411-00-3P 166411-02-5P 166411-03-6P 166411-04-7P
166411-05-8P 166411-06-9P 166411-10-5P 169050-91-3P
169050-92-4P 169258-46-2P
                           169258-47-3P 169258-48-4P
                           169682-77-3P 169690-49-7P
169258-52-0P
            169258-64-4P
169899-57-4P
```

(The Catalyzed alpha-Hydroxyalkylation and alpha-Aminoalkylation of Activated Olefins (The Morita-Baylis-Hillman Reaction))

L23 ANSWER 2 OF 28 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2010 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 2006:204154 HCAPLUS Full-text DOCUMENT NUMBER: 146:142958

TITLE: Straightforward Synthesis of

 $(R,S)-\beta$ -Methyleneaspartic Acid, an Inhibitor

of Glutamate-Aspartate Transaminase

AUTHOR(S): Galeazzi, Roberta; Martelli, Gianluca; Orena,

Mario; Rinaldi, Samuele

CORPORATE SOURCE: Dipartimento di Scienze dei Materiali e della

Terra, Universita Politecnica delle Marche,

Ancona, 60121, Italy

SOURCE: Monatshefte fuer Chemie (2006), 137(3),

357-363

CODEN: MOCMB7; ISSN: 0026-9247

PUBLISHER: Springer Wien

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal LANGUAGE: English

OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 146:142958

ED Entered STN: 07 Mar 2006

AB A Baylis-Hillman adduct of Me acrylate and Et glyoxalate was converted into the trichloroacetimidate that in the presence of DABCO rearranged to the corresponding trichloroacetamide. Eventually, hydrolysis under acidic conditions, led to the hydrochloride of racemic β -methyleneaspartic acid.

IT 919520-82-4P

(preparation of methyleneaspartic acid, an inhibitor of glutamate-aspartate transaminase)

RN 919520-82-4 HCAPLUS

CN Butanedioic acid, 2,2'-oxybis[3-methylene-, 1,1'-diethyl 4,4'-dimethyl ester (CA INDEX NAME)

Eto—
$$\stackrel{\circ}{\mathbb{L}}$$
 CH₂ O

O O— $\stackrel{\circ}{\mathbb{L}}$ — $\stackrel{\circ}{\mathbb{L}}$ — $\stackrel{\circ}{\mathbb{L}}$ —OMe

Eto— $\stackrel{\circ}{\mathbb{L}}$ — $\stackrel{\circ}{\mathbb{L}}$ — $\stackrel{\circ}{\mathbb{L}}$ — $\stackrel{\circ}{\mathbb{L}}$ — $\stackrel{\circ}{\mathbb{L}}$

CC 34-2 (Amino Acids, Peptides, and Proteins)

Section cross-reference(s): 7

IT 594-65-0P 73650-41-6P 856410-04-3P **919520-82-4P**

919520-97-1P 919521-02-1P

(preparation of methyleneaspartic acid, an inhibitor of glutamate-aspartate transaminase)

OS.CITING REF COUNT: 2 THERE ARE 2 CAPLUS RECORDS THAT CITE THIS

RECORD (2 CITINGS)

REFERENCE COUNT: 29 THERE ARE 29 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR

THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE

RE FORMAT

L23 ANSWER 3 OF 28 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2010 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 2005:436093 HCAPLUS $\underline{\text{Full-text}}$

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 143:96996

TITLE: Novel Oxa-di- π -methane and Norrish Type I Reactions in the S2 (π,π^*) Excited State of

a Series of β , γ -Unsaturated Ketones

AUTHOR(S): Armesto, Diego; Ortiz, Maria J.; Agarrabeitia,

Antonia R.; Martin-Fontecha, Mar

CORPORATE SOURCE: Departamento de Quimica Organica I, Facultad de

Ciencias Quimicas, Universidad Complutense,

Madrid, 28040, Spain

SOURCE: Organic Letters (2005), 7(13), 2687-2690

CODEN: ORLEF7; ISSN: 1523-7060

PUBLISHER: American Chemical Society

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal LANGUAGE: English

OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 143:96996

ED Entered STN: 24 May 2005

AB β , γ -UNsatd. Me ketones with electron-withdrawing groups at the γ -position of the ene moiety undergo ODPM rearrangements and Norrish type I reactions on direct irradiation at 254 nm. The results are consistent with the involvement of alkene S2 (π,π^*) as reactive excited states in these processes.

IT 856216-15-4P

(novel oxa-di- π -methane and Norrish Type I reactions in the S2

 (π,π^*) excited state of β,γ -unsatd. ketones and

substituent effects thereon)

RN 856216-15-4 HCAPLUS

CN 2,6-Octadienetetracarboxylic acid, 4,4,5,5-tetramethyl-,

2,2,7,8-tetramethyl ester (CA INDEX NAME)

CC 22-6 (Physical Organic Chemistry)

Section cross-reference(s): 74

IT 64976-73-4P 66628-92-0P 134197-90-3P 197772-06-8P 856216-05-2P

 856216-06-3P
 856216-07-4P
 856216-08-5P
 856216-09-6P

 856216-10-9P
 856216-11-0P
 856216-12-1P
 856216-13-2P

 856216-14-3P
 856216-15-4P
 856216-16-5P
 856216-17-6P

 856216-19-8P
 856216-20-1P
 856216-21-2P

(novel $oxa-di-\pi$ -methane and Norrish Type I reactions in the S2

 (π,π^{\star}) excited state of $\beta,\gamma\text{-unsatd.}$ ketones and

substituent effects thereon)

OS.CITING REF COUNT: 9 THERE ARE 9 CAPLUS RECORDS THAT CITE THIS

RECORD (9 CITINGS)

REFERENCE COUNT: 16 THERE ARE 16 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR

THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE

RE FORMAT

L23 ANSWER 4 OF 28 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2010 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 2003:173063 HCAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 138:229268

TITLE: Plate-making method of printing plate

INVENTOR(S):
Kunita, Kazuto

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Fuji Photo Film Co., Ltd., Japan

SOURCE: Eur. Pat. Appl., 148 pp.

CODEN: EPXXDW

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PA	PATENT NO.						DATE		APPLICATION NO.						DATE		
EP	EP 1288720					A1 20030305			EP 2002-19103						20020829		
JР	R: 2003	PT,	IE,	SI,	•	LV,	FI,	RO,	MK,	CY	, IT, , AL, 2001-	TR,	BG,	CZ,	EE,	•	
JР	4235	375			В2		2009	0311			<						
	2003		30		A		2003	0305	ı	JP :	2001-	2597 	26		2	0010829	
US	2003	0190	554		A1		2003	1009	1	JS :	2002-	2300 	88		2	0020829	
US	6875	557			В2		2005	0405									
PRIORIT	Y APP	LN.	INFO	.:					·	JP :	2001-	2597 	25	Ž	A 2	0010829	
									ı	JP :	2001-		26	Ž	A 2	0010829	

ASSIGNMENT HISTORY FOR US PATENT AVAILABLE IN LSUS DISPLAY FORMAT

ED Entered STN: 07 Mar 2003

AB A plate-making method of a printing plate comprises exposing a printing plate precursor having a photosensitive layer comprising a photopolymerizable composition containing (1) a crosslinking agent having two ethylenic polymerizable groups and (2) a crosslinking agent having three or more ethylenic polymerizable groups, and development processing the exposed printing plate precursor with an alkali developer having a pH of ≤ 12.5.

II 333305-85-4₽

(photopolymerizable composition for plate-making method of printing plate containing)

RN 333305-85-4 HCAPLUS

CN Hexanedioic acid, 1,6-bis[2-(methoxycarbonyl)-2-propen-1-yl] ester (CA INDEX NAME)



IT 500769-95-9 500770-16-1 500773-31-9

(photopolymerizable composition for plate-making method of printing plate containing)

RN 500769-95-9 HCAPLUS

CN 4,7,9,13-Tetraoxahexadecanedioic acid,
2,15-bis(methylene)-3,8,12-trioxo-, dimethyl ester, polymer with
2-[[3-[(1-oxo-2-propenyl)oxy]-2,2-bis[[(1-oxo-2-propenyl)oxy]methyl]-2-[[(1-oxo-2-propenyl)oxy]methyl]-1,3-propanediyl di-2-propenoate (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 500769-94-8 CMF C16 H20 O11

$$\texttt{MeO} = \overset{\texttt{O}}{\overset{\texttt{CH2}}}{\overset{\texttt{CH2}}{\overset{\texttt{CH2}}{\overset{\texttt{CH2}}{\overset{\texttt{CH2}}{\overset{\texttt{CH2}}{\overset{\texttt{CH2}}{\overset{\texttt{CH2}}}{\overset{\texttt{CH2}}{\overset{\texttt{CH2}}}{\overset{\texttt{CH2}}}{\overset{\texttt{CH2}}}{\overset{\texttt{CH2}}}{\overset{\texttt{CH2}}}{\overset{\texttt{CH2}}}{\overset{\texttt{CH2}}}{\overset{\texttt{CH2}}}{\overset{\texttt{CH2}}}{\overset{\texttt{CH2}}}{\overset{\texttt{CH2}}{\overset{\texttt{CH2}}}{\overset{\texttt{CH2}}}{\overset{\texttt{CH2}}}{\overset{\texttt{CH2}}}{\overset{\texttt{CH2}}}{\overset{\texttt{CH2}}}{\overset{\texttt{CH2}}}{\overset{\texttt{CH2}}}{\overset{\texttt{CH2}}}{\overset{\texttt{CH2}}}{\overset{\texttt{CH2}}{\overset{\texttt{CH2}}}{\overset{\texttt{CH2}}}{\overset{\texttt{CH2}}}{\overset{\texttt{CH2}}}{\overset{\texttt{CH2}}}{\overset{\texttt{CH2}}}{\overset{\texttt{CH2}}}{\overset{\texttt{CH2}}}{\overset{\texttt{CH2}}}{\overset{\texttt{CH2}}}{\overset{\texttt{CH2}}}{\overset{\texttt{CH2}}}{\overset{\texttt{CH2}}}}{\overset{\texttt{CH2}}}{\overset{\texttt{CH2}}}{\overset{\texttt{CH2}}}}{\overset{\texttt{CH2}}}{\overset{\texttt{CH2}}}{\overset{\texttt{CH2}}}{\overset{\texttt{CH2}}}}{\overset{\texttt{CH2}}}}{\overset{\texttt{CH2}}}{\overset{\texttt{CH2}}}}{\overset{\texttt{CH2}}}{\overset{\texttt{CH2}}}{\overset{\texttt{CH2}}}}{\overset{\texttt{CH2}}}}{\overset{\texttt{CH2}}}}{\overset{\texttt{CH2}}}}{\overset{\texttt{CH2}}}{\overset{\texttt{CH2}}}{\overset{\texttt{CH2}}}}{\overset{\texttt{CH2}}}}{\overset{\texttt{CH2}}}{\overset{\texttt{CH2}}}}{\overset{\texttt{CH2}}}}{\overset{\texttt{CH2}}}{\overset{\texttt{CH2}}}}{\overset{\texttt{CH2}}}}{\overset{CH2}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}$$

CM 2

CRN 29570-58-9 CMF C28 H34 O13

RN 500770-16-1 HCAPLUS

CN Pentanedioic acid, 3-oxo-, 1,5-bis[2-(methoxycarbonyl)-2-propen-1-yl] ester (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 500773-31-9 HCAPLUS

CN Heptanedioic acid, 4-oxo-, 1,7-bis[2-(methoxycarbonyl)-2-propen-1-yl] ester (CA INDEX NAME)

- IC ICM G03F007-027
 - ICS G03F007-32; B41C001-10
- CC 74-6 (Radiation Chemistry, Photochemistry, and Photographic and Other Reprographic Processes)

Section cross-reference(s): 38

- IT 28697-96-3P 51248-94-3P 127261-89-6P **333305-85-4P**
 - 333305-99-0P 333306-09-5P 500769-99-3P 500770-03-6P

500770-05-8P 500770-09-2P 500770-11-6P

(photopolymerizable composition for plate-making method of printing plate containing)

IT 29570-58-9 80937-22-0 124517-64-2 500769-71-1 500769-72-2

500769-73-3 500769-74-4 500769-75-5 500769-77-7 500769-78-8 500769-80-2 500769-82-4 500769-83-5 500769-85-7 500769-87-9 500769-88-0 500769-89-1 500769-91-5 500769-92-6 500769-93-7 **500769-95-9** 500769-97-1 500769-98-2 500770-00-3 500770-01-4 500770-04-7 500770-06-9 500770-07-0 500770-08-1 **500770-16-1** 500770-17-2 500770-10-5 500770-13-8 500773-31-9

(photopolymerizable composition for plate-making method of printing plate containing)

OS.CITING REF COUNT: 5 THERE ARE 5 CAPLUS RECORDS THAT CITE THIS

RECORD (5 CITINGS)

REFERENCE COUNT: 7 THERE ARE 7 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR

THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE

<--

RE FORMAT

L23 ANSWER 5 OF 28 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2010 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 2003:147958 HCAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 138:170651

TITLE: Production method of α -heteromethacrylates

and α -ammonium methacrylates

INVENTOR(S): Kunita, Kazuto

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Fuji Photo Film Co., Ltd., Japan SOURCE: Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 41 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
JP 2003055305	А	20030226	JP 2001-239282	20010807
			<	
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			JP 2001-239282	20010807

OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 138:170651

ED Entered STN: 27 Feb 2003

AB α -Ammonium methacrylates CH2:CQ1(CRaRbN+R1R2R3)·hal- are used to prepare α -heteromethacrylates [I, CH2:CQ1(CRaRbX1)] where Q1 = CN or COX2, X1, X2 = substituted oxy, substituted thio, or substituted amino, Ra, Rb = H or organic residue, R1-3 = organic residue (R1-3 may be bonded together to form a ring), and hal = halogen. Thus, methyl α -hydroxymethacrylate obtained from Me acrylate and formalin was reacted with PBr3 to give Me α -bromomethacrylate, which was reacted with triethylamine to give Me α -triethylammonium methacrylate with over all yield 50%, which was reacted with benzyl alc. to give I (Ra, Rb = H, X1 = OCH2Ph, Q1 = COOCH3) with yield 80%.

IT 333305-85-4P

(preparation of $\alpha\text{-heteromethacrylates}$ from $\alpha\text{-ammonium}$ methacrylates)

RN 333305-85-4 HCAPLUS

CN Hexanedioic acid, 1,6-bis[2-(methoxycarbonyl)-2-propen-1-yl] ester (CA INDEX NAME)

$$\overset{\circ}{\mathbb{H}} \overset{\mathsf{CH}}{=} \overset{\mathsf{CH}}{=} \overset{\circ}{\mathbb{H}} \overset{\mathsf{CH}}{=} \overset{\mathsf{CH}}{=}$$

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IC
     ICM C07C067-31
     ICS C07B041-06; C07B043-04; C07B045-06; C07C069-73; C07C069-734;
          C07C069-75; C07C069-767; C07C219-08; C07C227-06; C07C229-30;
          C07C231-08; C07C233-47; C07C253-30; C07C255-15; C07C303-22;
          C07C309-12; C07C309-65; C07C309-66; C07C309-73
CC
     35-2 (Chemistry of Synthetic High Polymers)
     Section cross-reference(s): 23
                                   9010-92-8DP, Methacrylic acid-styrene
ΙT
     4432-44-4DP, Me or Et ester
     copolymer, reaction products with \alpha-ammonium methacrylate
               25087-26-7DP, Polymethacrylic acid, reaction products with
     \alpha-ammonium methacrylate compds.
                                       30982-08-2P
                                                      153522-38-4P
     154201-91-9P
                    333305-69-4P
                                   333305-85-4P
                                                 333306-09-5P
     407582-28-9P
                    471266-79-2P
                                   497249-98-6P
                                                 497250-05-2P
        (preparation of \alpha-heteromethacrylates from \alpha-ammonium
        methacrylates)
L23 ANSWER 6 OF 28 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2010 ACS on STN
ACCESSION NUMBER:
                         2003:27946 HCAPLUS Full-text
DOCUMENT NUMBER:
                         138:288012
TITLE:
                         Synthesis and photopolymerization kinetics of new
                         flexible diacrylate and dimethacrylate
                         crosslinkers based on C18 diacid
                         Avci, Duygu; Nobles, Jennifer; Mathias, Lon J.
AUTHOR(S):
                         Department of Chemistry, Bogazici University,
CORPORATE SOURCE:
                         Bebek, tanbul, 80815, Turk.
                         Polymer (2003), 44(4), 963-968
SOURCE:
                         CODEN: POLMAG; ISSN: 0032-3861
PUBLISHER:
                         Elsevier Science Ltd.
DOCUMENT TYPE:
                         Journal
LANGUAGE:
                         English
ED
     Entered STN: 13 Jan 2003
     A series of new di(meth)acrylate monomers was synthesized by reacting Me lpha-
AΒ
     hydroxymethylacrylate (MHMA), Et \alpha-hydroxymethylacrylate (EHMA), hydroxyethyl
     acrylate (HEA), and hydroxyethyl methacrylate (HEMA) with \alpha, \omega-C18 diacid
     chloride. Differential scanning calorimetry was used to study the
     photopolymn. behavior and reaction kinetics of the synthesized monomers
     subjected to photoinitiated polymerization  The polymerization rates,
     conversions and kinetic consts. for propagation and termination were
     determined for each of the monomers. The maximum rate of polymns. of the
     diacrylate monomers was higher than that of the dimethacrylate monomers and
     followed the order: HDDA (1,6-hexanediol diacrylate) > HEA-C18 > EHMA-C18
     .apprx. HEMA-C18 > MHMA-C18. The total conversions obtained were 78, 75, 72,
     64, and 69% for MHMA-C18, EHMA-C18, HEMA-C18, HEA-C18, and HDDA, resp.,
     indicating comparable or higher conversions for methacrylates despite their
     lower rates of polymerization Propagation and termination mechanisms of the
     monomers were investigated by plotting propagation and termination rate
     consts. as a function of conversion.
     504439-60-5P
                    504439-61-6P
ΤT
        (monomer; synthesis and photopolymn. kinetics of new flexible
        diacrylate and dimethacrylate crosslinkers based on
        octadecanedicaroxylic acid)
     504439-60-5 HCAPLUS
RN
     Octadecanedioic acid, 1,18-bis[2-(methoxycarbonyl)-2-propen-1-yl]
```

CN

ester (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 504439-61-6 HCAPLUS

CN Octadecanedioic acid, 1,18-bis[2-(ethoxycarbonyl)-2-propen-1-yl] ester (CA INDEX NAME)

IT 504439-64-9P 504439-65-0P

(synthesis and photopolymn. of new flexible diacrylate and dimethacrylate crosslinkers based on octadecanedicaroxylic acid)

RN 504439-64-9 HCAPLUS

CN Octadecanedioic acid, bis[2-(methoxycarbonyl)-2-propenyl] ester, homopolymer (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 504439-60-5 CMF C28 H46 O8

RN 504439-65-0 HCAPLUS

CN Octadecanedioic acid, bis[2-(ethoxycarbonyl)-2-propenyl] ester, homopolymer (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 504439-61-6 CMF C30 H50 O8

CC 35-3 (Chemistry of Synthetic High Polymers)

IT 504439-58-1P 504439-59-2P **504439-60-5P**

504439-61-6P

(monomer; synthesis and photopolymn. kinetics of new flexible diacrylate and dimethacrylate crosslinkers based on octadecanedicaroxylic acid)

IT 504439-62-7P 504439-63-8P **504439-64-9P**

504439-65-0P

(synthesis and photopolymn. of new flexible diacrylate and dimethacrylate crosslinkers based on octadecanedicaroxylic acid)
OS.CITING REF COUNT: 21 THERE ARE 21 CAPLUS RECORDS THAT CITE THIS

RECORD (21 CITINGS)

REFERENCE COUNT: 24 THERE ARE 24 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR

THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE

RE FORMAT

L23 ANSWER 7 OF 28 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2010 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 2003:15796 HCAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 138:80764

TITLE: Photothermographic printing materials with

improved photopolymerization sensitivity and good

storage stability

INVENTOR(S): Arai, Kinzo; Kunita, Kazuto; Fukushiqe, Yuichi

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Fuji Photo Film Co., Ltd., Japan SOURCE: Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 57 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
JP 2003005378	A	20030108	JP 2001-191748	20010625
			<	
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			JP 2001-191748	20010625
			<	

OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 138:80764

ED Entered STN: 08 Jan 2003

The printing material has on a support a recording layer containing photopolymerizable compns. containing compds. represented by CH2:C(COX2)CRaRbX1 (X1, X2 = hetero atom, halo; Ra, Rb = H, halo, CN, organic residue; X1 and X2, Ra and Rb, or X1 and Ra or Rb may be bonded to each other and form ring structure), color-forming components A, and color-forming components B which react with A to form color. Preferably, A is an electron-donating dye precursor and B is an electron-accepting compds. More preferably, A is a diazonium salt compound and B is a coupler or A is a protected colorant (or leuco dye) and B is a deprotecting agent. Inhibition of photoradical polymerization by O has been suppressed.

IT 441793-44-8 460352-39-0 482340-80-7

(photothermog. printing materials with improved photopolymn. sensitivity and good storage stability)

RN 441793-44-8 HCAPLUS

CN Nonanedioic acid, 1,9-bis[2-(methoxycarbonyl)-2-propen-1-yl] ester (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 460352-39-0 HCAPLUS

CN 1,2,3-Propanetricarboxylic acid,

1,2,3-tris[2-(methoxycarbonyl)-2-propen-1-yl] ester (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 482340-80-7 HCAPLUS

CN Pentanedioic acid, 1,5-bis[2-(methoxycarbonyl)-2-propen-1-yl] ester (CA INDEX NAME)

IC ICM G03F007-26 ICS G03C001-72

CC 74-7 (Radiation Chemistry, Photochemistry, and Photographic and Other Reprographic Processes)

IT 143129-14-0 441793-44-8 460352-39-0

482340-80-7

(photothermog. printing materials with improved photopolymn. sensitivity and good storage stability)

L23 ANSWER 8 OF 28 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2010 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 2002:714261 HCAPLUS $\underline{Full-text}$

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 137:255344

TITLE: Radical polymerizable compounds for image forming

materials

INVENTOR(S):
Kunita, Kazuto

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Fuji Photo Film Co., Ltd., Japan

SOURCE: Eur. Pat. Appl., 35 pp.

CODEN: EPXXDW

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

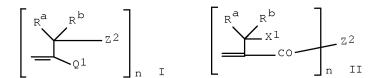
PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
EP 1241528	A2	20020918	EP 2002-5350	20020314
EP 1241528	A3	20040102	<	
	•		B, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL,	SE, MC,
, , ,	•		K, CY, AL, TR	20010214
JP 2002275129	A	20020925		20010314
01. 1077000	_	00001106	<	0000011
CN 1377900	A	20021106	CN 2002-105636	20020314
			<	
CN 1250574	С	20060412		
US 20030008996	A1	20030109	US 2002-96879	20020314
			<	
US 6787622	В2	20040907		

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:

JP 2001-72433 A 20010314

ASSIGNMENT HISTORY FOR US PATENT AVAILABLE IN LSUS DISPLAY FORMAT Entered STN: 20 Sep 2002

GΙ



A radical polymerizable compound comprises a structure represented by: AΒ RaRbX3C-C(=C)Q1, I or II (X3 = heterocyclic group that is connected through a hetero atom included in it; Q1 = CN, COX2; X2 = hydroxy group, substituted oxy group, substituted thio group, amino group, a substituted amino group, a heterocyclic group that is connected through a hetero atom included in it or a halogen atom; Ra, b= H, halogen atom, cyano group, organic residue; X1 represents a substituted oxy group, a, substituted amino group, a heterocyclic group that is connected through a hetero atom included therein or a halogen atom; Z1 and Z2 = n-valent connecting group having at least 6 carbon atoms, in which the n's connecting parts are all hetero atoms; Ra and Rb, X1 and Ra or Rb, X3 and Ra or Rb, or Q1 and Ra or Rb may combine with each other to form a cyclic structure; and n = 2-6). The present invention provides a radical polymerization compound for use in a photo-radical polymerization composition satisfying both high sensitivity and excellent preservation stability, which is promising in image forming techniques due to the highest sensitivity.

ΙT 333305-85-4P 460352-41-42

(radical polymerizable compds. for image forming materials)

RN 333305-85-4 HCAPLUS

Hexanedioic acid, 1,6-bis[2-(methoxycarbonyl)-2-propen-1-yl] ester CN (CA INDEX NAME)

460352-41-4 HCAPLUS RN

4,8,12,16-Tetraoxanonadecanedioic acid, 10-[3-[[2-(methoxycarbonyl)-2-propen-1-yl]oxy]-3-oxopropoxy]-2,18bis(methylene)-5,15-dioxo-, 1,19-dimethyl ester (CA INDEX NAME)

PAGE 1-B

IT 460352-37-8P 460352-39-0P 460352-40-3P (radical polymerizable compds. for image forming materials)

RN 460352-37-8 HCAPLUS

CN 4,7,10,12-Tetraoxahexadecanedioic acid, 2,15-bis(methylene)-5,13-dioxo-, 1,16-dimethyl ester (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 460352-39-0 HCAPLUS

CN 1,2,3-Propanetricarboxylic acid, 1,2,3-tris[2-(methoxycarbonyl)-2-propen-1-yl] ester (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 460352-40-3 HCAPLUS

CN 4,9,13,18-Tetraoxaheneicosanedioic acid,
11-[[4-[[2-(methoxycarbonyl)-2-propen-1-yl]oxy]-1,4dioxobutoxy]methyl]-11-methyl-2,20-bis(methylene)-5,8,14,17-tetraoxo-,
1,21-dimethyl ester (CA INDEX NAME)

PAGE 1-B

H2C

TC ICM G03F007-027

ICS C07D277-74; C07C255-15; C07C271-20; C07C271-28; C07C069-73

74-5 (Radiation Chemistry, Photochemistry, and Photographic and Other CC Reprographic Processes)

333305-69-4P 333305-85-4P 460352-41-49 ΙT

(radical polymerizable compds. for image forming materials)

460352-34-5P 460352-35-6P 460352-36-7P 460352-37-89 ΙT

460352-40-3P 460352-39-0P 460352-38-9P

(radical polymerizable compds. for image forming materials)

OS.CITING REF COUNT: 1 THERE ARE 1 CAPLUS RECORDS THAT CITE THIS

RECORD (1 CITINGS)

REFERENCE COUNT: THERE ARE 5 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR

THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE

RE FORMAT

L23 ANSWER 9 OF 28 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2010 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 2001:662144 HCAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 135:358506

Syntheses and evaluation of photopolymerized TITLE:

fluorinated acrylates as potential non-wettable

coatings

Shemper, Bianca S.; Mathias, Lon J. AUTHOR(S):

CORPORATE SOURCE: Department of Polymer Science, University of

Southern Mississippi, Hattiesburg, MS, 39406-0076,

Polymer Preprints (American Chemical Society, SOURCE:

Division of Polymer Chemistry) (2001),

42(2), 461-462

CODEN: ACPPAY; ISSN: 0032-3934

PUBLISHER: American Chemical Society, Division of Polymer

Chemistry

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal; (computer optical disk)

LANGUAGE: English Entered STN: 11 Sep 2001

AΒ A perfluoroalkyl ether-substituted hydroxymethacrylic acid was prepared and

its photopolymn. was studied. A perfluoroalkyl ether-substituted

dihydroxymethacrylic acid, which serves as a crosslinker for the polymns., was also prepared These compds. are potential low-surface energy polymeric

materials.

372510-06-0P ΙT

(preparation and hydrolysis of)

372510-06-0 HCAPLUS RN

2-Propenoic acid, 2,2'-[(2,2,3,3,4,4,5,5-octafluoro-1,6-CN

hexanediyl)bis(oxymethylene)]bis-, bis(1,1-dimethylethyl) ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CC 37-3 (Plastics Manufacture and Processing)

Section cross-reference(s): 42

IT 372510-05-9P 372510-06-0P

(preparation and hydrolysis of)

OS.CITING REF COUNT: 1 THERE ARE 1 CAPLUS RECORDS THAT CITE THIS

RECORD (1 CITINGS)

REFERENCE COUNT: 12 THERE ARE 12 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR

THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE

RE FORMAT

L23 ANSWER 10 OF 28 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2010 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1997:443341 HCAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 127:65502

ORIGINAL REFERENCE NO.: 127:12526h,12527a

TITLE: Process for preparation of bridging vinvl

compounds by reacting alcohols with carbonyl

compounds

INVENTOR(S): Yurugi, Keiji; Nakagawa, Koichi; Kita, Yuichi

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Nippon Shokubai Kagaku Kogyo Co., Ltd., Japan

SOURCE: Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 10 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE		
JP 09157204	A	19970617	JP 1995-324518	19951213		
			<			
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			JP 1995-324518	19951213		

<--

OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 127:65502

ED Entered STN: 17 Jul 1997

Characterized is a process for preparation of the title compds. R150CR2R3OR16 (I; R15, R16 = vinyl-containing radical; R2, R3 = H, organic radical) by reacting R10H (R1 = vinyl-containing radical) with carbonyl compds. R2COR3 (R2, R3 = same as above) in the presence of antioxidants. I are useful monomers in the production of bridging polymers. Thus, CH2:C(CH2OH)CO2Et was reacted with paraformaldehyde in the presence of methoxyhydroquinone, p-TsOH, and 2,2'-oxamidebis-[ethyl 3-(3,5-di-tert-butyl-4- hydroxyphenyl)propionate] at 90° for 3 h to give 72% di-Et 4,6-dioxy-2,8-dimethylene-1,9-nonanedicarboxylate with 91% selectivity.

IT 132750-40-4P

(process for preparation of bridging vinyl compds. by reacting alcs. with carbonyl compds.)

RN 132750-40-4 HCAPLUS

CN 2-Propenoic acid, 2,2'-[methylenebis(oxymethylene)]bis-, diethyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

$$\overset{\circ}{\mathbb{L}} \overset{\operatorname{CH}_2}{\mathbb{L}} \overset{\operatorname{H}_2 \, \operatorname{C}}{\mathbb{L}} \overset{\circ}{\mathbb{L}} \overset{\operatorname{H}_2 \, \operatorname{C}}{\mathbb{L}} \overset{\circ}{\mathbb{L}} \overset{\overset{\circ}{\mathbb{L}$$

IC ICM C07C043-303 ICS C07C041-48

CC 23-9 (Aliphatic Compounds)

Section cross-reference(s): 35

IT 132750-40-4P

(process for preparation of bridging vinyl compds. by reacting alcs. with carbonyl compds.)

L23 ANSWER 11 OF 28 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2010 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 1997:429595 HCAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 127:50286

ORIGINAL REFERENCE NO.: 127:9593a,9596a

TITLE: Process for preparation of bridging vinyl

compounds by reacting alcohols with acetals

INVENTOR(S): Yurugi, Keiji; Nakagawa, Koichi; Kita, Yuichi PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Nippon Shokubai Kagaku Kogyo Co., Ltd., Japan

SOURCE: Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 14 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
JP 09157203	A	19970617	JP 1995-324514	19951213
			<	

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: JP 1995-324514 19951213

<--

OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 127:50286

ED Entered STN: 11 Jul 1997

AB Characterized is a process for preparation of the title compds. R150CR2R3OR16 (I; R15, R16 = vinyl-containing radical; R2, R3 = H, organic radical) by reacting R10H (R1 = vinyl-containing radical) with acetal R50CR2R3OR4 (R4, R5 = H, organic radical) in the presence of antioxidants. I are useful materials in the production of bridging polymers. Thus, CH2:C(CH20H)CO2Et was reacted with (EtO)2CH2 in the presence of methoxyhydroquinone, p-TsOH, and 2,2'-oxamidebis-[ethyl 3-(3,5-di-tert-butyl-4-hydroxyphenyl)propionate] at 90° for 3 h to give 66% di-Et 4,6-dioxy-2,8-dimethylene-1,9-nonanedicarboxylate with 88% selectivity.

IT 132750-40-4P

(process for preparation of bridging vinyl compds. by reacting alcs. with acetals)

RN 132750-40-4 HCAPLUS

CN 2-Propenoic acid, 2,2'-[methylenebis(oxymethylene)]bis-, diethyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

IC ICM C07C043-303

ICS C07C041-48; C07C043-315; C07C067-29; C07C067-31; C07C069-54; C07C069-732; C07C069-734

CC 23-9 (Aliphatic Compounds)

Section cross-reference(s): 35

IT 132750-40-4P

(process for preparation of bridging vinyl compds. by reacting alcs. with acetals)

L23 ANSWER 12 OF 28 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2010 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 1995:203161 HCAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 122:31233

ORIGINAL REFERENCE NO.: 122:6167a,6170a

TITLE: Derivatives of oxalyldimalonic acid

AUTHOR(S): Stachel, Hans-Dietrich; Schorp, Matthias; Maier,

Ludwig; Dandl, Klaus

CORPORATE SOURCE: Institut Pharmazie Lebensmittelchemie,

Universitaet Muenchen, Muenchen, D-80333, Germany

SOURCE: Liebigs Annalen der Chemie (1994), (11),

1121-7

CODEN: LACHDL; ISSN: 0170-2041

PUBLISHER: VCH
DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal
LANGUAGE: German
ED Entered STN: 19 Nov 1994

GΙ

AB Starting with furanones and mesoxalic acid esters, the compds. I (R1 = halo, hydroxy, amino, etc.; R2 = H, Et; X = OEt, hydroxy, amino, etc.) were prepared (as monolactones of the title compound). A versatile intermediate is the dioxinone II (a masked acylketene intermediate).

IT 159765-13-6P

(preparation of butadienetetracarboxylate derivative from furanone and mesoxalate)

RN 159765-13-6 HCAPLUS

CN 2,4-Hexadiene-2,2,5,5-tetracarboxylic acid, 3,4-dimethoxy-, 1,2,5,6-tetraethyl ester (CA INDEX NAME)

CC 27-6 (Heterocyclic Compounds (One Hetero Atom))

Section cross-reference(s): 28

IT 7294-16-8P 159764-99-5P 159765-00-1P 159765-01-2P 159765-03-4P

159765-05-6P 159765-06-7P 159765-08-9P 159765-10-3P 159765-13-6P 159765-17-0P 159765-19-2P 159765-20-5P

159765-21-6P 159765-22-7P 159765-23-8P 159765-24-9P

(preparation of butadienetetracarboxylate derivative from furanone and mesoxalate)

mesoxalate)

OS.CITING REF COUNT: 16 THERE ARE 16 CAPLUS RECORDS THAT CITE THIS RECORD (17 CITINGS)

L23 ANSWER 13 OF 28 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2010 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 1994:135232 HCAPLUS <u>Full-text</u>

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 120:135232

ORIGINAL REFERENCE NO.: 120:23857a,23860a

TITLE: Poly (α -hydroxymethylacrylates):

esterification and crosslinking reactions

AUTHOR(S): Avci, Duygu; Kusefoglu, Selim

CORPORATE SOURCE: Kimya Bolumu, Bogazici Univ., Bebek-Istanbul,

Turk.

SOURCE: Kim. Kim. Muhendisligi Semp., 8th (1992)

, Volume 3, 239-44. Editor(s): Aydin, Adnan. Marmara Univ. Fac. Sci. Lett.: Istanbul, Turk.

CODEN: 59AOAY

DOCUMENT TYPE: Conference LANGUAGE: Turkish ED Entered STN: 19 Mar 1994

AB Et α -hydroxymethylacrylate (I) was esterified with hexanoyl chloride in 80% yield to give Et (α -hexanoyloxymethyl)acrylate (II) that was polymerized to give a soluble thermoplastic polymer with glass transition at 15-20° and melting transition at 47.5°. Copolymn. of I and II in various monomer ratios gave thermoplastic polymers with solubility enhanced by internal lubrication of the long alkyl pendent group. Copolymers of II with styrene were also prepared Esterification of I with adipoyl chloride gave bisadipoate that can be used as a crosslinking agent. Crosslinked insol. polymers were prepared from bisadipoate with Me methacrylate, styrene, and I.

IT 152013-35-9

(crosslinking agent, for Et hydroxymethylacrylate derivative polymers, preparation of)

RN 152013-35-9 HCAPLUS

CN Hexanedioic acid, 1,6-bis[2-(ethoxycarbonyl)-2-propen-1-yl] ester (CA INDEX NAME)

IT 152013-36-0P 152013-37-1P 152013-39-3P

(preparation and characterization of crosslinked)

RN 152013-36-0 HCAPLUS

CN Hexanedioic acid, bis[2-(ethoxycarbonyl)-2-propenyl] ester, homopolymer (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 152013-35-9 CMF C18 H26 O8

RN 152013-37-1 HCAPLUS

CN Hexanedioic acid, bis[2-(ethoxycarbonyl)-2-propenyl] ester, polymer with methyl 2-methyl-2-propenoate (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 152013-35-9 CMF C18 H26 O8

CM 2

CRN 80-62-6 CMF C5 H8 O2

RN 152013-39-3 HCAPLUS

CN Hexanedioic acid, bis[2-(ethoxycarbonyl)-2-propenyl] ester, polymer with ethyl 2-(hydroxymethyl)-2-propenoate (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 152013-35-9 CMF C18 H26 O8

CM 2

CRN 10029-04-6 CMF C6 H10 O3

CC 35-4 (Chemistry of Synthetic High Polymers)

IT 152013-35-9

(crosslinking agent, for Et hydroxymethylacrylate derivative polymers, preparation of)

IT 152013-36-0P 152013-37-1P 152013-38-2P

152013-39-3P

(preparation and characterization of crosslinked)

L23 ANSWER 14 OF 28 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2010 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 1991:164845 HCAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 114:164845

ORIGINAL REFERENCE NO.: 114:27909a,27912a

TITLE: Difunctional and multifunctional monomers capable

of cyclopolymerization

AUTHOR(S): Stansbury, J. W.

CORPORATE SOURCE: Polym. Div., Natl. Inst. Stand. Technol.,

Gaithersburg, MD, 20899, USA

SOURCE: Macromolecules (1991), 24(8), 2029-35

CODEN: MAMOBX; ISSN: 0024-9297

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal LANGUAGE: English ED Entered STN: 03 May 1991

The reaction of acrylate esters with paraformaldehyde in presence of diazabicyclo[2.2.2]octane produced novel ether-fused dimethacrylatelike monomers that could undergo cyclopolymn. The influence of the pendent ester functionality on the preparation and polymerization of these monomers was examined While bulky ester groups generally decreased the rate of reaction in monomer preparation, the more hindered monomers polymerized through the available intramol. cyclization pathway with greater efficiency than did monomers without significant steric constraints. Polymns. in solution led to mainly cyclized, soluble polymers. Bulk polymns. provided brittle, crosslinked polymers with high degrees of conversion. Multifunctional oligomers based on the same 1,6-diene substructure were prepared Polymerization of the oligomers produced tough, highly crosslinked polymers.

IT 132750-40-4P 132750-41-5P

(formation of, in di-Et oxybismethacrylate preparation)

RN 132750-40-4 HCAPLUS

CN 2-Propenoic acid, 2,2'-[methylenebis(oxymethylene)]bis-, diethyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 132750-41-5 HCAPLUS

CN 4,6,8,12-Tetraoxatetradecanoic acid, 2,10-bis(methylene)-11-oxo-, ethyl ester (CA INDEX NAME)

CC 35-2 (Chemistry of Synthetic High Polymers) II 121044-63-1P 132750-40-4P 132750-41-5P

(formation of, in di-Et oxybismethacrylate preparation)

OS.CITING REF COUNT: 16 THERE ARE 16 CAPLUS RECORDS THAT CITE THIS RECORD (16 CITINGS)

L23 ANSWER 15 OF 28 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2010 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 1990:236009 HCAPLUS <u>Full-text</u>

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 112:236009

ORIGINAL REFERENCE NO.: 112:39823a,39826a

TITLE: Acrylate ester ether crosslinking monomers and

their preparation

INVENTOR(S): Mathias, Lon J.; Kusefoglu, Selim H.

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): University of Southern Mississippi, USA

SOURCE: U.S., 6 pp. CODEN: USXXAM

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
US 4889948	 А	19891226	US 1987-86589	 19870818
US 4999410	A	19910312	< US 1989-455955	19891222
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			< US 1987-86589	A3 19870818

ASSIGNMENT HISTORY FOR US PATENT AVAILABLE IN LSUS DISPLAY FORMAT

OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 112:236009

ED Entered STN: 23 Jun 1990

Difunctional monomers CH2:CRCH2O(CH2O)nCH2CR:CH2 [R = CO2H, CN, carboxyalkyl, carbonylalkyl, (un)substituted CONH2; n=0-4] are prepared and can be used as crosslinking agents for thermoplastic polymers. Thus, Me acrylate 1450, paraformaldehyde 180, and DABCO 20 g were mixed and stirred at room temperature for 10 days, producing MeO2CC(:CH2)CH2OH (I) 49, MeO2CC(:CH2)CH2OCH2C(:CH2)CO2Me 22, MeO2CC(:CH2)CH2OCH2C(:CH2)CO2Me 18, and MeO2CC(:CH2)CH2OCH2OCH2CCH2C(:CH2)CO2Me 6%. Distillation of the reaction mixture $(60-65^{\circ}/0.05 \text{ mm})$ gave 275 g I.

IT 109669-54-7P 109669-55-8P 127391-80-4P

127391-81-5P

(preparation of)

RN 109669-54-7 HCAPLUS

CN 2-Propenoic acid, 2,2'-[methylenebis(oxymethylene)]bis-, dimethyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 109669-55-8 HCAPLUS

CN 4,6,8,12-Tetraoxatridecanoic acid, 2,10-bis(methylene)-11-oxo-, methyl ester (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 127391-80-4 HCAPLUS

RN 127391-81-5 HCAPLUS

CN 4,6,8,12-Tetraoxahexadecanoic acid, 2,10-bis(methylene)-11-oxo-, butyl ester (CA INDEX NAME)

IC ICM C07C069-73

INCL 560181000

CC 35-2 (Chemistry of Synthetic High Polymers)

Section cross-reference(s): 23

IT 23873-58-7P 109669-54-7P 109669-55-8P

109669-57-0P 111964-98-8P 115597-68-7P 118363-19-2P

127340-00-5DP, partially hydrolyzed 127391-80-4P

127391-81-5P

(preparation of)

OS.CITING REF COUNT: 8 THERE ARE 8 CAPLUS RECORDS THAT CITE THIS

RECORD (10 CITINGS)

REFERENCE COUNT: 4 THERE ARE 4 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR

THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE

RE FORMAT

L23 ANSWER 16 OF 28 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2010 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 1990:209773 HCAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 112:209773

ORIGINAL REFERENCE NO.: 112:35239a,35242a

TITLE: Adamantanoid chelate complexes. 2. Tetranuclear

chelate (4-) ions of divalent metals (manganese, cobalt, nickel) with idealized T-symmetry from

spontaneous self-organization

AUTHOR(S): Saalfrank, Rolf W.; Stark, Armin; Bremer,

Matthias; Hummel, Hans Ulrich

CORPORATE SOURCE: Inst. Org. Chem., Univ. Erlangen-Nuernberg,

Erlangen, D-8520, Germany

SOURCE: Angewandte Chemie (1990), 102(3), 292-5

CODEN: ANCEAD; ISSN: 0044-8249

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal LANGUAGE: German ED Entered STN: 26 May 1990

AB (NH4)4[M4L6] [H2L = (RO2C)2CHC(O)C(O)CH(CO2R)2 (R = Me); M = Mn, Co, Ni] were prepared by reaction of di-Me malonate and MeLi in THF, followed by addition of MCl2 and oxalyl chloride. Hydrolysis of (NH4)4[Ni4L6] gave (MeO2C)2C:C(OH)C(OH):C(CO2Me)2 (I). The reaction of I with Me3SiBr in the presence of pyridine gave (MeO2C)2C:C(OR1)C(OR1):C(CO2Me)2 (II; R1 = SiMe3) which reacted with BzCl in the presence of ZnBr2 to give II (R1 = Bz). H2L (R = Et) reacted with MCl2 to give (NH4)4[M4L6] (R = Et). (NH4)4[M4L6] (M = Mn, Co; R = Me) are monoclinic, space group C2/c, Z = 4, R = 0.077 and 0.059, Rw = 0.080 and 0.063, resp. [M4L6]4- have an adamantane-type structure.

IT 125568-27-6P

(preparation and reaction of, with trimethylsilyl bromide in presence of pyridine)

RN 125568-27-6 HCAPLUS

CN 2,4-Hexadiene-2,2,5,5-tetracarboxylic acid, 3,4-dihydroxy-, 1,2,5,6-tetramethyl ester (CA INDEX NAME)

CC 78-7 (Inorganic Chemicals and Reactions)

Section cross-reference(s): 23, 75

IT 125568-27-6P

(preparation and reaction of, with trimethylsilyl bromide in presence of pyridine)

OS.CITING REF COUNT: 27 THERE ARE 27 CAPLUS RECORDS THAT CITE THIS

RECORD (27 CITINGS)

L23 ANSWER 17 OF 28 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2010 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 1988:521477 HCAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 109:121477

ORIGINAL REFERENCE NO.: 109:20061a,20064a

TITLE: Adamantanoid chelate complexes. 1. The first

adamantanoid alkaline earth metal chelate complex:

synthesis, structure and reactivity

AUTHOR(S): Saalfrank, Rolf W.; Stark, Armin; Peters, Karl;

Von Schnering, Hans Georg

CORPORATE SOURCE: Inst. Org. Chem., Univ. Erlangen-Nuernberg,

Erlangen, D-8520, Fed. Rep. Ger.

SOURCE: Angewandte Chemie (1988), 100(6), 878-80

CODEN: ANCEAD; ISSN: 0044-8249

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal LANGUAGE: German ED Entered STN: 01 Oct 1988

AB (NH4) 4Mg4L6 [I; H2L = (EtO2C) 2CHC(O)C(O)CH(CO2Et)2] was prepared from di-Et

malonate, MeMgI, and oxalyl chloride in 1:1:0.25 molar ratios. I was

characterized from IR and 1H and 13C NMR spectra. I.Me2C(OH)C(OH)Me2 crystallized in triclinic space group P.hivin.1, with a 1875.6(12), b 2007.2(7), c 1777.1(9) pm, α 103.93(3), β 93.50(5), γ 90.45(4)°, Z = 2, R = 0.144. Each edge of the tetrahedral nucleus of Mg2+ ions is bridged by a tetradentate L2- ion such that each Mg is octahedrally coordinated by 6 O atoms. I was hydrolyzed to the enolic form of H2L which was derivatized by Me3SiBr in presence of pyridine.

IT 114446-12-7P

(preparation and reaction of, with trimethylsilyl bromide)

RN 114446-12-7 HCAPLUS

CN 2,4-Hexadiene-2,2,5,5-tetracarboxylic acid, 3,4-dihydroxy-, 1,2,5,6-tetraethyl ester (CA INDEX NAME)

CC 78-7 (Inorganic Chemicals and Reactions)

Section cross-reference(s): 75

IT 114446-12-7P

(preparation and reaction of, with trimethylsilyl bromide)

OS.CITING REF COUNT: 38 THERE ARE 38 CAPLUS RECORDS THAT CITE THIS

RECORD (39 CITINGS)

L23 ANSWER 18 OF 28 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2010 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 1987:478279 HCAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 107:78279

ORIGINAL REFERENCE NO.: 107:12901a,12904a

TITLE: New diffunctional methacrylate ethers and acetals:

readily available derivatives of

 α -hydroxymethyl acrylates

AUTHOR(S): Mathias, Lon J.; Kusefoglu, Selim H.

CORPORATE SOURCE: Dep. Polym. Sci., Univ. Southern Mississippi,

Hattiesburg, MS, 39406-0076, USA

SOURCE: Macromolecules (1987), 20(8), 2039-41

CODEN: MAMOBX; ISSN: 0024-9297

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal LANGUAGE: English ED Entered STN: 05 Sep 1987

AB The reaction of Me acrylate with paraformal dehyde catalyzed by Dabco yielded Me α -(hydroxymethyl)acrylate (I) as well as the dimethacrylate ether (II) and acetal adducts of I with 1 and 2 HCHO units. II, which could be synthesized from purified I by heating with catalytic amts. of Dabco, underwent radical polymerization in DMSO to give a clear, tough swollen gel. The mechanism of formation of II and the acetals was discussed.

IT 109669-54-7P 109669-55-8P

(preparation of)

RN 109669-54-7 HCAPLUS

CN 2-Propenoic acid, 2,2'-[methylenebis(oxymethylene)]bis-, dimethyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 109669-55-8 HCAPLUS

CN 4,6,8,12-Tetraoxatridecanoic acid, 2,10-bis(methylene)-11-oxo-, methyl ester (CA INDEX NAME)

CC 35-2 (Chemistry of Synthetic High Polymers)

Section cross-reference(s): 37

IT 109669-53-6P 109669-54-7P 109669-55-8P

(preparation of)

OS.CITING REF COUNT: 9 THERE ARE 9 CAPLUS RECORDS THAT CITE THIS

RECORD (9 CITINGS)

L23 ANSWER 19 OF 28 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2010 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 1987:49630 HCAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 106:49630

ORIGINAL REFERENCE NO.: 106:8211a,8214a

TITLE: Synthesis of cyclopropene-3,3-dicarboxylic esters AUTHOR(S): Paredes, Rodrigo; Barba, Luz E.; Bastos, Holger;

Garavito, Diego

CORPORATE SOURCE: Dep. Quim., Univ. Valle, Cali, 25360, Colombia

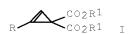
SOURCE: Revista Latinoamericana de Quimica (1985)

), 16(2-3), 94-8

CODEN: RLAQA8; ISSN: 0370-5943

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal LANGUAGE: English ED Entered STN: 21 Feb 1987

GΙ



- AB Cyclopropenedicarboxylates I (R = H, Me, Et, Ph; R1 = Et, Me) were prepared in up to 48% yield by treating BrCH2CR:C(CO2R1)2 with Me3COK in Me3COH or Me2SO. Only a small amount of I (R = H, R1 = Et) was obtained as BrCH2CH:C(CO2Et)2 was unstable and easily polymerized
- IT 106352-28-7P

(preparation of)

- RN 106352-28-7 HCAPLUS
- CN 2,4,6-Octatrienetetracarboxylic acid, 3,6-dimethyl-, 1,2,7,8-tetraethyl ester (CA INDEX NAME)

CC 24-2 (Alicyclic Compounds)

IT 106352-19-6P 106352-22-1P 106352-23-2P 106352-24-3P 106352-25-4P 106352-26-5P 106352-27-6P 106352-28-7P 106352-29-8P 106352-30-1P 106352-31-2P 106363-31-9P (preparation of)

L23 ANSWER 20 OF 28 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2010 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 1983:470495 HCAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 99:70495

ORIGINAL REFERENCE NO.: 99:10943a,10946a

TITLE: Studies on reactivity of fumaraldehyde: a facile

synthesis of functionalized furans

AUTHOR(S): Antonioletti, R.; DeMico, A.; D'Onofrio, F.;

Piancatelli, G.; Castagnino, E.

CORPORATE SOURCE: Cent. Stud. Chim. Sostanze Org. Nat., CNR, Rome,

00185, Italy

SOURCE: Tetrahedron (1983), 39(8), 1355-8

CODEN: TETRAB; ISSN: 0040-4020

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal LANGUAGE: English

OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 99:70495

ED Entered STN: 12 May 1984

GΙ

Furmaraldehyde, prepared in situ from 2,5-dihydro-2,5-dimethoxyfuran, reacted with RCOCH2COR1 (R = R1 = Me; R = Me, Et, OEt, R1 = OEt) to give the furan I (R = R1 = Me) and RCOC(CO2Et):CHCH:CHCH:C(CO2Et)COR (II). II (R = Me, Et) was cyclized with acid to I (R = Me, Et, R1 = OEt). II (R = OEt) gave a stable complex with Fe(CO)3.

IT 86557-31-5P

(preparation and complexation of, with ion carbony)

RN 86557-31-5 HCAPLUS

CN 1,3,5-Hexatriene-1,1,6,6-tetracarboxylic acid, tetraethyl ester, (E)-(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Double bond geometry as shown.

CC 27-6 (Heterocyclic Compounds (One Hetero Atom))

IT 86557-31-5P

(preparation and complexation of, with ion carbony)

L23 ANSWER 21 OF 28 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2010 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 1981:496621 HCAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 95:96621

ORIGINAL REFERENCE NO.: 95:16231a,16234a

TITLE: The cathodic cleavage of ethanetetracarboxylate

esters

AUTHOR(S): White, Donald A.; Wagenknecht, John H.

CORPORATE SOURCE: Corporate Res., Monsanto Co., St. Louis, MO,

63166, USA

SOURCE: Journal of the Electrochemical Society (

1981), 128(7), 1470-2

CODEN: JESOAN; ISSN: 0013-4651

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal LANGUAGE: English ED Entered STN: 12 May 1984

AB The electrochem. reduction of tetra-Me ethane-1,1,2,2-tetracarboxylate to di-Me propanedioate (di-Me malonate) and the similar cleavage of some substituted

and some cyclic analogs are reported.

IT 34494-19-4

(electrochem. reduction of)

RN 34494-19-4 HCAPLUS

CN 2,6-Octadiene-2,2,4,4,5,5,7,7-octacarboxylic acid, 2,2,4,4,5,5,7,8-octamethyl ester (CA INDEX NAME)

CC 22-5 (Physical Organic Chemistry)

IT 5464-22-2 7605-66-5 **34494-19-4** 64374-98-7 64374-99-8

(electrochem. reduction of)

OS.CITING REF COUNT: 3 THERE ARE 3 CAPLUS RECORDS THAT CITE THIS

RECORD (4 CITINGS)

L23 ANSWER 22 OF 28 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2010 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 1981:139131 HCAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 94:139131

ORIGINAL REFERENCE NO.: 94:22773a,22776a

TITLE: Reaction of chloro-substituted nitroethylenes with

a malonate

AUTHOR(S): Buevich, V. A.; Deiko, L. I.; Volynskii, V. E.

CORPORATE SOURCE: Leningr. Pedagog. Inst., Leningrad, USSR

SOURCE: Zhurnal Organicheskoi Khimii (1980),

16(11), 2399-403

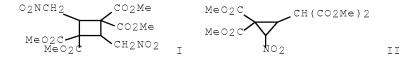
CODEN: ZORKAE; ISSN: 0514-7492

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal LANGUAGE: Russian

OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 94:139131

ED Entered STN: 12 May 1984

GΙ



AB ClCH:CHNO2 reacted with CH2(CO2Et)2 in MeOH-MeONa to give (MeO2C)2C:CHCH:N(O)ONa, which on attempted isolation gave the dimer I. ClCH:C(NO2)Cl and CH2(CO2Et)2 gave II, whereas CCl2:CHNO2 gave

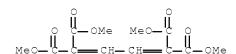
CICH:C(NO2)CI and CH2(CO2EE)2 gave II, whereas CCI2:CHNO2 gave O2NCH2C[CH(CO2Me)2]:C(CO2Me).

IT 77075-01-5P

(preparation of)

RN 77075-01-5 HCAPLUS

CN 2,4-Hexadiene-2,2,5,5-tetracarboxylic acid, 1,2,5,6-tetramethyl ester (CA INDEX NAME)



CC 23-4 (Aliphatic Compounds)

Section cross-reference(s): 24

IT 99-14-9P 77074-99-8P 77075-00-4P **77075-01-5**P

(preparation of)

L23 ANSWER 23 OF 28 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2010 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 1979:103469 HCAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 90:103469

ORIGINAL REFERENCE NO.: 90:16331a,16334a

TITLE: On the use of ceric salts as coupling agents; Part

1

AUTHOR(S): Galakatos, Nicholas G.; Hancock, John E. H.;

Morgan, Olwen, M.; Roberts, Michael R.; Wallace,

Jeffrey K.

CORPORATE SOURCE: Dep. Chem., Reed Coll., Portland, OR, USA

SOURCE: Synthesis (1978), (6), 472-4

CODEN: SYNTBF; ISSN: 0039-7881

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal LANGUAGE: English ED Entered STN: 12 May 1984

GΙ

AB R2C:CHCR2- Na+ (R = C02Et)(I) or II (R1 = C02Me) underwent coupling in aqueous solns. in the presence of Ce(NH4)2(NO3)6 to give >97% R2C:CHCR2CR2CH:CR2 and 84% III, resp. I preparation by stirring di-Et malonate in EtONa/EtOH and then adding HCCl3 gives off CO (caution!).

IT 60065-39-6P

(preparation of)

RN 60065-39-6 HCAPLUS

CN 2,6-Octadiene-2,2,4,4,5,5,7,7-octacarboxylic acid, 2,2,4,4,5,5,7,8-octaethyl ester (CA INDEX NAME)

CC 24-4 (Alicyclic Compounds)
Section cross-reference(s): 23
IT 60065-39-6P 67341-82-6P
(preparation of)

L23 ANSWER 24 OF 28 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2010 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 1977:422324 HCAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 87:22324
ORIGINAL REFERENCE NO.: 87:3521a,3524a

TITLE: Reactions with nitroenamines, XV. Oxidation of aci-nitro compounds to olefinic dimers by silver

ns -

AUTHOR(S): Severin, Theodor; Braeutigam, Irmgard; Braeutigam,

Karl Heinz

CORPORATE SOURCE: Inst. Pharm. Lebensmittelchem., Univ. Muenchen,

Munich, Fed. Rep. Ger.

SOURCE: Chemische Berichte (1977), 110(5),

1669-73

CODEN: CHBEAM; ISSN: 0009-2940

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal LANGUAGE: German ED Entered STN: 12 May 1984

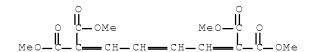
AB Thermal degradation of the Ag salts of aci-nitropropenes RR1C:CHCH:N(O)OH [R = R1 = MeO2C or EtO2C; R, R1 = EtO2C, MeCO; H, MeCO; Me, EtCO; H, (MeO)2CHCO] in boiling MeCN gave the hexatrienes RR1C:CHCH:CHCH:CRR2.

IT 63255-79-8P

(preparation and hydrogenation of)

RN 63255-79-8 HCAPLUS

CN 2,4,6-Octatrienetetracarboxylic acid, 1,2,7,8-tetramethyl ester (CA INDEX NAME)



IT 63255-80-1P

(preparation of)

RN 63255-80-1 HCAPLUS

CN 2,4,6-Octatrienetetracarboxylic acid, 1,2,7,7-tetraethyl ester (CA INDEX NAME)

CC 23-17 (Aliphatic Compounds)

IT **63255-79-8P** 63255-82-3P

(preparation and hydrogenation of)

IT 16538-91-3P 59534-21-3P 63255-80-1P 63255-81-2P

63255-83-4P 63255-84-5P 63255-85-6P

(preparation of)

L23 ANSWER 25 OF 28 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2010 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 1977:406408 HCAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 87:6408

ORIGINAL REFERENCE NO.: 87:1043a,1046a

TITLE: Trisubstituted ethylenes containing halo, cyano,

and carbomethoxy substituents. New reactive

comonomers

AUTHOR(S): Hall, H. K., Jr.; Ykman, P.

CORPORATE SOURCE: Dep. Chem., Univ. Arizona, Tucson, AZ, USA

SOURCE: Macromolecules (1977), 10(2), 464-9

CODEN: MAMOBX; ISSN: 0024-9297

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal LANGUAGE: English

ED Entered STN: 12 May 1984

AB Eight new electrophilic trisubstituted ethylenes containing halo, cyano, and carbomethoxy substituents copolymd. readily with styrene and bicyclobutane comonomers under free radical conditions to give soluble copolymers with glass transition temps. that were higher when the substituents had high dipolar character. Spontaneous cationic homopolymn. of p-methoxystyrene, caused by

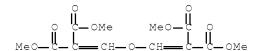
several of the electrophilic olefins, occurred simultaneously with their radical-induced copolymn., and only di-Me 2-cyanoethylene-1,1-dicarboxylate [62693-70-3] gave strictly 1:1 copolymers. 1-Chloro-olefins gave copolymers approaching 1:1 composition, whereas 2-chloro- and 2-fluoroolefins were less satisfactory comonomers. The copolymers of the 1-chloroolefins with styrene gave brittle flammable films.

IT 62701-46-6P

(preparation of)

RN 62701-46-6 HCAPLUS

CN Propanedioic acid, 2,2'-(oxydimethylidyne)bis-, tetramethyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



CC 35-3 (Synthetic High Polymers)
 Section cross-reference(s): 23

IT 16640-68-9P 57205-35-3P 57205-40-0P 62701-46-6P

(preparation of)

OS.CITING REF COUNT: 20 THERE ARE 20 CAPLUS RECORDS THAT CITE THIS

RECORD (20 CITINGS)

L23 ANSWER 26 OF 28 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2010 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 1976:150165 HCAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 84:150165

ORIGINAL REFERENCE NO.: 84:24395a,24398a

TITLE: Fluorine-containing allenes. 4. Reaction of

esters of perfluoromethacrylic and

difluoromethylenemalonic acids with malonic acid

ester

AUTHOR(S): Rozov, L. A.; Zeifman, Yu. V.; Cheburkov, Yu. A.;

Knunyants, I. L.

CORPORATE SOURCE: Inst. Elementoorg. Soedin., Moscow, USSR

SOURCE: Izvestiya Akademii Nauk SSSR, Seriya Khimicheskaya

(1976), (2), 372-4

CODEN: IASKA6; ISSN: 0002-3353

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal LANGUAGE: Russian

ED Entered STN: 12 May 1984
AB Condensation of CF2:C(CF3)CO2Me

Condensation of CF2:C(CF3)CO2Me with CH2(CO2Me)2 (I) in absolute Et20 containing Et3N.BF3 afforded 20% MeO2CC(CF3):C:C(CO2Me)2. Dehydrofluorination of CF3CH(CO2Me)2 with Et3N.BF3 gave 63% CF2:C(CO2Me)2, which condensed with I to give 75% (MeO2C)2C[CF:C(CO2Me)2]2 and with NaCH(CO2Me)2 to give 62%

(MeO2C) 2C:C[CH(CO2Me)2]2.

(preparation of)

58975-77-2P

ΙT

RN

58975-77-2 HCAPLUS

CN 2,5-Heptadienehexacarboxylic acid, 3,5-difluoro-, 1,2,4,4,6,7-hexamethyl ester (CA INDEX NAME)

CC 23-17 (Aliphatic Compounds)
IT 58975-75-0P 58975-77-2P 58975-78-3P (preparation of)

L23 ANSWER 27 OF 28 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2010 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 1968:29211 HCAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 68:29211

ORIGINAL REFERENCE NO.: 68:5635a,5638a

TITLE: Bromination of muconyldimalonates

AUTHOR(S): Fles, Dragutin; Majhofer, B.; Kovac, Michal CORPORATE SOURCE: Istrazivacki Inst. Organ.-Kem. Ind., Zagreb,

Yuqoslavia

SOURCE: Bulletin Scientifique, Conseil des Academies des

Sciences et des Beaux-arts de la R.S.F. de Yougoslavie, Section A. Sciences Naturelles, Techniques et Medicales (1967), 12(5-6),

121-2

CODEN: BSSCBW

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal LANGUAGE: English ED Entered STN: 12 May 1984

GI For diagram(s), see printed CA Issue.

Brominated compds. derived from muconyldimalonates are prepared and the structure of these established by N.M.R. and ir spectroscopy.

Muconyldimalonates (I) are synthesized by condensation of muconyl chloride and ethyl malonate, or ethyl tert-butyl malonate. Thus, to a solution of 4.26 g. I (R = CO2Et) in 50 ml. CCl4 was added 3.2 g. Br and the solution kept 5 hrs. at room temperature to give 100% tetra-Et 3,4,5,6-tetrabromo-cis-1,7-octadiene-2,7-diol-1,1,8,8-tetracarboxylate II (R = CO2Et). Similarly 4.6 g. I (R = CO2Et) gave with 4.8 g. Br 96% tetra-Et 1,3,4,5,6,8-hexabromooctane-2,7-dione-1,1,8,8-tetracarboxylate. With 6.4 g. Br I (R = CO2Et) gave 6.5% di-E t1,1,3,4,5,6,8,8-octabromooctane-2,7-dione-1,8-dicarboxylate (III), m. 126-7°. Bromination of 1.25 g. I (R = H) with 1.6 g. Br gave 85.1 II (R = H). Similarly 1.25 g. I (R = H) with 3.2 g. Br gave 22% di-Et 1,3,4,5,6,8-hexabromooctane-2,7-dione-1,8-dicarboxylate, m. 134-6°. II was prepared in 42% yield by treating 0.9 g. I (R = H) with 1.3 g. Br.

IT 18451-35-9

(bromination of)

RN 18451-35-9 HCAPLUS

CN 1,3,5,7-Octatetraene-1,1,8,8-tetracarboxylic acid, 2,7-dihydroxy-, tetraethyl ester, (E,E)- (8CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Double bond geometry as shown.

IT 18328-53-5P

(preparation of)

RN 18328-53-5 HCAPLUS

CN 2,8-Decadienetetracarboxylic acid, 4,5,6,7-tetrabromo-3,8-dihydroxy-, 1,2,9,9-tetraethyl ester (CA INDEX NAME)

CC 23 (Aliphatic Compounds)

IT 18451-35-9 18451-36-0

(bromination of)

IT 18328-53-5P 18328-54-6P 18328-55-7P 18328-56-8P

18451-37-1P

(preparation of)

L23 ANSWER 28 OF 28 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2010 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 1922:24645 HCAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 16:24645

ORIGINAL REFERENCE NO.: 16:4187d-i,4188a-b

TITLE: Ring-chain tautomerism. III. The occurrence of

tautomerism of the three-carbon (glutaconic) type between a homocyclic compound and its unsaturated

open-chain isomeride

AUTHOR(S): Ingold, Christopher Kelk; Perren, Edward Arthur;

Thorpe, J. F.

SOURCE: Journal of the Chemical Society, Transactions (

1922), 121, 1765-89

CODEN: JCHTA3; ISSN: 0368-1645

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal LANGUAGE: Unavailable

ED Entered STN: 16 Dec 2001

AB cf. C. A. 16, 912, 2141, 3065. A general discussion of the conditions which govern the occurrence of any Michael reaction: The acetic ester must contain a neg. substituent such as a -CO2Et or -CN group to confer the necessary mobility on the adjacent H atom. The acrylic ester involved should be only lightly substituted. The presence of a β -substituent, particularly 2 β -substituents, considerably reduces the tendency towards condensation. The effect is apparently a spatial one. The presence of an α -substituent greatly inhibits condensation, the magnitude of the effect depending on the size of the group. The simple spatial relationships noted above break down in the

case of strongly electroneg. substituents, such as the -CO2Et and -CN groups, which inhibit condensation very slightly. Et α -cyano- γ -ethylglutaconate (from Et α -formylbutyrate, b15 100°, and CHNa(CN)CO2Et), b14 163°. The γ -Ph derivative, b14 200-5°. The self-condensation of glutaconic esters alone and with piperidine was tested for a number of compds. The following esters appeared not to have given any condensation product after a year: EtO2CCH2CH:CHCO2Et, EtO2CCH2C(CO2Et):CHCO2Et, EtO2CCHMeCH:CHCO2Et, Et02CCH2CMe:CHC02Et, Et02CCH(CN)CMe:CHC02Et, Et02CCH(CN)CMe:CEtC02Et, EtO2CCH(CN)CH:CMeCO2Et, (EtO2C)2CHCH:CEtCO2Et, EtO2CCH(CN)CH:CEtCO2Et and EtO2CCH(CN)CH:CPhCO2Et. The self-condensation of (EtO2C)2CHCH:CHCO2Et is practically complete in a week in the presence of a catalyst, giving Et 2,2,4,4,-tetracarboxycyclobutane-1,3- diacetate (cf. Guthzeit, C. A. 4, 906). In the condensation of (EtO2C)2CHCH:C(CO2Et)2 in the presence of piperidine, Et piperidinomethylenemalonate also is formed, pale yellow rhombohedral plates, m. 216° (decomposition). Et 2,2,4,4-tetracarboxycyclobutane-1,3dimalonate, m. 103°, upon fusing, or maintaining in solution with piperidine for a long period, gives an equilibrium mixture, containing about 80% of the cyclobutane ester and about 10% of Et $\alpha, \alpha, \gamma, \gamma, \varepsilon, \varepsilon$ hexacarboxy- $\Delta \alpha$ -pentene- δ -malonate, the constitution of which was established

hexacarboxy- $\Delta\alpha$ -pentene- δ -malonate, the constitution of which was established by hydrolysis to α,γ,ϵ -tricarboxy- $\Delta\alpha$ -pentene- δ - acetic acid, sirupy, which, on oxidation, gave CH(CH2CO2H)3. Et 2,4-dicyano-2,4-dicarboxycyclobutane-1,3-di- α -propionate, from the condensation of EtO2CCH(CN)CH:CMeCO2Et, long silky needles and small glistening plates, both m. 87°. With 20% HCl this gives a mixture of trans-2,4-dicarboxycyclobutane-1,3-di- α -propionic acid, m. 251°, separated from the cis-acid by treatment with AcCl, which converted the latter into its anhydride; cis-acid, m. 144-5°. Condensation of different esters gave: Et 2-cyano-2,4,4-tricarboxycyclobutane-1-malonate-3- α -propionate, viscous liquid, b15 260°. Et

2,2,4,4-tetracarboxycyclobutane-1-malonate-3-acetate, long needles, m. 92°. Et 2-cyano-2,4,4-tricarboxycyclobutane-1-acetate-3- α -propionate, stout prisms, m. 81°. 2,4-Dicarboxycylobutane-1,3-diacetic anhydride, by boiling either the α - or β -form of the acid with AcCl, m. 235°. On heating the β -acid with 30% HCl at 200° for 5 h., it is converted to the ϵ -acid, m. 223°.

IT 861336-62-19, Δ 1-1,1,3,3,5,5-Pentenehexacarboxylic acid, 4-(dicarboxymethyl)-, octaethyl ester (preparation of)

RN 861336-62-1 HCAPLUS

CN

2,5-Heptadienehexacarboxylic acid, 3-[2-ethoxy-1-(ethoxycarbonyl)-2-oxoethyl]-, 2,2,4,4,6,7-hexaethyl ester (CA INDEX NAME)

CC 10 (Organic Chemistry)

IT 36873-42-4P, Butyric acid, α -formyl-, ethyl ester 62615-75-2P,

```
Malonic acid, (1-piperidylmethylene)-, diethyl ester 98129-24-9P,
     1,3-Cyclobutanedimalonic acid, 2,2,4,4-tetracarbethoxy-, tetraethyl
            861315-93-7P, Cyclobutanemalonic acid,
     2,4,4-tricarboxy-3-(\alpha-carboxyethyl)-2-cyano-, hexaethyl ester
     861336-62-19, \Delta 1-1, 1, 3, 3, 5, 5-Pentenehexacarboxylic acid,
     4-(dicarboxymethyl)-, octaethyl ester 861342-50-9P,
     \Delta1-1,3,5-Pentenetricarboxylic acid, 4-(carboxymethyl)-
     861618-99-7P, Cyclobutanemalonic acid,
     2,2,4,4-tetracarboxy-3-(carboxymethyl)-, heptaethyl ester
     861619-11-6P, 1,3-Cyclobutanediacetic acid,
     2,2,4-tricarboxy-4-cyano-\alpha'-methyl-, pentaethyl ester
     861619-13-8P, 1,3-Cyclobutanediacetic acid,
     2,4-dicarboxy-2,4-dicyano-\alpha,\alpha'-dimethyl-, tetraethyl ester
        (preparation of)
OS.CITING REF COUNT:
                                THERE ARE 1 CAPLUS RECORDS THAT CITE THIS
                                RECORD (1 CITINGS)
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(FILE 'HOME' ENTERED AT 07:51:35 ON 11 JAN 2010) FILE 'HCAPLUS' ENTERED AT 07:51:45 ON 11 JAN 2010 1 SEA SPE=ON ABB=ON PLU=ON US20060241245/PN L1SEL RN FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 07:52:00 ON 11 JAN 2010 5 SEA SPE=ON ABB=ON PLU=ON (183892-60-6/BI OR 333305-83-2/ L2BI OR 68858-20-8/BI OR 838839-63-7/BI OR 838839-64-8/BI) T.3 1 SEA SPE=ON ABB=ON PLU=ON L2 AND "(C2 H4 O)N C12 H18 05"/MF FILE 'HCAPLUS' ENTERED AT 07:52:47 ON 11 JAN 2010 L43 SEA SPE=ON ABB=ON PLU=ON L3 FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 07:53:01 ON 11 JAN 2010 L5 STR 333305-83-2 13 SEA SSS SAM L5 L6 L7 STR L5 18 SEA SSS SAM L7 L8 531 SEA SSS FUL L7 L9 1 SEA SPE=ON ABB=ON PLU=ON L9 AND L2 L10 SAV L9 KHA430/A L11 140 SEA SPE=ON ABB=ON PLU=ON L9 NOT 1-100/NR 92 SEA SPE=ON ABB=ON PLU=ON L11 NOT (S OR N OR P OR L12 SI)/ELS L13 O SEA SPE=ON ABB=ON PLU=ON 333305-83-2/CRN L14 STR L7 L15 0 SEA SUB=L9 SSS SAM L14 L16 11 SEA SUB=L9 SSS FUL L14 SAV L16 KAH430A/A 8 SEA SPE=ON ABB=ON PLU=ON L16 NOT 1-100/NR T.17 L18 6 SEA SPE=ON ABB=ON PLU=ON L17 NOT (S OR N OR P)/ELS FILE 'HCAPLUS' ENTERED AT 08:14:08 ON 11 JAN 2010 7 SEA SPE=ON ABB=ON PLU=ON L18 L19 66 SEA SPE=ON ABB=ON PLU=ON L12 L20 61 SEA SPE=ON ABB=ON PLU=ON L20 AND (1840-2006)/PRY, AY, PY L21 L22 55 SEA SPE=ON ABB=ON PLU=ON L21 NOT L19 L23 28 SEA SPE=ON ABB=ON PLU=ON L22 AND RACT/RL